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BY JAMES G. HASSON.

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Cambria Freeman.

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1794. 1889.
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OLD HARTFORD
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COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 24, 1882.

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Sarsaparilla, and be sure you get it, when you want the best blood-purifier.

With its forty years of unexampled success in the cure of Blood Diseases, you can make no mistake in preferring Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

to any other. The fore-runner of modern blood medicines, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is still the most popular, being in greater demand than all others combined.

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WOOL! WOOL!
5,000 pounds of wool wanted. The very highest price in cash will be paid.
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A Daily and Weekly Newspaper.
PROSPECTUS FOR 1889.

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THE NEW YORK STAR passed into the hands of new managers in November last, and a new corporation is now in full possession and control of it.

During the first months of the change the improvement made in it was so pronounced that it came to be recognized at once as

A Live, Bright and Brilliant Newspaper.

Its news columns are filled with the freshest of foreign, domestic and local news. Its editorials are crisp, positive and bold. Its Democratic principles are so pronounced and orthodox that the Democratic National Committee, on its recent reorganization, selected it as the medium for placing its official action and utterances before the voters of the party. It urges united Democracy in nation, State and city; and is the advocate of no individual or the organ of no faction.

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Is regarded universally as the best combination of original literature with news which is now published in New York city on Sunday. The matter selected for the literary columns is supplied by scores of contributors of the highest merit and reputation. Their united contributions each Sunday would make a volume as large as *Harper's Magazine*, and treating of many more subjects than any monthly magazine published ever discusses. The whole at a cost of only 3 cents for 16 pages!

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differs in many respects from the weekly editions of other New York papers. It is a perfect epitome of the really important news of the week carefully condensed and systematically arranged. All the markets of interest to farmers are published in detail. Space is given to the class of literature most welcome in the home circle. Special care is taken to interest the women of the household. It does not pretend to instruct the farmer in farming, but to interest him in the general news of the world, leaving the home paper of each subscriber to supply the practical information on all agricultural topics. It is an excellent paper, therefore, to obtain, through favorable club rates, along with the weekly printed in your immediate locality.

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A RELIABLE REMEDY For Sick Stomach, For Torpid Liver, Bilious Headache, Costiveness, Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient.

It is certain in its effects. It is gentle in its action. It is palatable to the taste. It can be relied upon to cure, and it cures by assisting, not by outraging, nature. Do not take violent purgatives yourselves or allow your children to take them, always use this elegant pharmaceutical preparation, which has been for more than forty years a public favorite. *Sold by druggists everywhere.*

KENTUCKY MULES.

The only firm in Pittsburg who make a specialty of Kentucky Saddle and Driving Horses, Draught and Pit Mules and keep constantly in their stables one hundred head of Mules, all sizes, from four feet to the large mule weighing 1800 lbs., are D. Arnheim & Co., 52 Second Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa. Mules shipped on all parts of the States to order. Nothing but No. 1 picked stock to be found in their stables. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

DUFF'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE,
PITTSBURG, PA.
The oldest and best institution for obtaining a Business Education. We have successfully prepared thousands of young men for the active duties of life. For Circulars address,
P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburg, Pa.
Nov. 23, 1888.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

SHE WORE A BIG, HIGH HAT.

I met her as a stranger
Upon the crowded street;
My heart was interested
In her face demure and sweet.
Her memory came back to me
As comes a welcome song;
I almost knew that such a soul
Could never plan a wrong.

At different times and places
I met her after that;
Her many charms and graces
My deepest love begat.
I learned she was accomplished
And owned vast wealth beside;
My heart was full of one great wish—
That she might be my bride.

But ere the day had come when I
Might ask the gift of her,
One night I chanced by accident
Into the theater.
How fate will sometimes one befriend!
Just back of her I sat;
I never speak to her since then—
She wore a big, high hat.
—Omaha World

SOME SUPERSTITIONS.

The Curious Beliefs That Haunt Many a Brain.

Dire Result of Opening an Umbrella in the House—The Right Way to Hang a Horseshoe—Mascots and Hoodoos.

Any day and any place you can see people yielding to superstitions. Notice people walking together. See a couple of girls going along, carefully preventing any one from passing between them, or if one passes round a lamp-post or hitching-post how the other will follow on the same side. Dignified old men and women will dodge back and follow their companions round a hurried pedestrian, who tries to save steps by passing between them, or round some inanimate obstruction, causing any number of amusing encounters. They believe they will have a quarrel or meet with a disappointment if they allow any thing to come between them.

Others couldn't be hired to meet any one on the stairs, going up or down, for fear they will be disappointed. Housewives have innumerable signs by which they can foretell events. If the dishcloth is dropped there will be a visitor. If a knife is dropped, a woman is coming; a fork, a man is coming; a spoon, a fool. If two knives or forks or spoons are put at a place by mistake while setting the table there is going to be a wedding. If you spill salt you will have a quarrel; this can be prevented by burning a pinch of the spilled salt or throwing some over your left shoulder. If a rooster crows at you or at the door, he is playing the clairvoyant and telling you you will have a surprising piece of news or an unexpected visitor. So also if you drop a pair of scissors and they stick in the floor you will have an unexpected visitor. If a needle sticks in the floor, you will get a letter. If you see a pin with the head to you, you must surely pick it up, for you will have good luck, but avoid, if possible, seeing pins with the point to you, for if you pick them up you will have sharp luck or bad luck. You must pick them up, however, if you see them.

If froth or little bubbles rise to the top of a cup of tea or coffee and you are lucky enough to catch them in a spoon and swallow them, you will get money, the amount varying with the quantity of bubbles. If you find any little sticks, the stems of tea leaves, in your tea and swallow them, you will capture a new beau.

A good housewife will never sweep at night. If she is ever obliged to do so she will sweep the dirt into a corner, and couldn't be prevailed on to lift it until morning. This is to prevent misfortune. Nor will she at any time sweep the dirt out of her door. She will lift it in a dustpan and burn it. This is to keep the family possessions safe. If you break a dish, fate will pursue you till you break two more. If you are unmarried and fail going up-stairs, you will not get married until the next year; and if your chair tumbles backward your chances of matrimonial bliss for that year go with it. Getting out of bed backward causes things to go wrong for the day, while putting your right foot out first pleases dame fortune. You have to consult her pleasure in dressing yourself, too. She likes you better if you put on your right shoe and stocking first. You change your luck if by accident you put on a garment wrong side out, and if you want to keep your old luck the proper thing to do is to turn the garment, and while doing so spit on it and say: "For good luck or bad."

If a widow gives you a yellow garter on Easter Sunday you will have success in love if you wear it around the left leg, and success in business if you wear it around the right leg. The most dire misfortune results from opening an umbrella or sunshade in the house, and if a man should go into the betting stand at a race track with his umbrella raised he would be in danger of being mobbed.

You will meet with a disappointment if you start to go out and have to return for something you forgot, unless you sit down for a minute when you return.

You can tell your fortune by the sensations of your own body. When your right ear burns some one is speaking good of you, and when the left ear burns it is evil. You can even discover who the gossipers are by moistening the lobe of the warm ear with saliva and naming a person. If the name you guess is correct, the ear will cool at once. If your nose itches, you will have news or company. If your right eye itches you will shed tears, and if your left eye itches you will laugh. A quick ringing in either ear that overwhelms sound is called a death knell, and precedes news of a death. If your inner arm itches at the elbow joint, you will have an insloop or an outsleep. That is, some one will sleep at your house who is not accustomed to sleeping there, or a member of the family will be away all night. If your leg itches at the back under the knee, you will go on a journey, and if the sole of your foot itches, you will tread on strange ground. If your right hand itches, you will shake hands with a friend; your left hand, you will get money. There is an old saying about this: "Scratch it on wood and it'll come good." That many are aware of. I've seen men who ought to know better hunt around for wood to scratch their hands on, and, not finding any available, take a lead pencil out of their pockets and rub their palms with it. A fair Washington belle will not have an umbrella without a wooden handle, because, she says, she always wants some wood around to scratch her hand on. Even the spots on one's finger-nails come in for a share of superstition. They are called gifts.

It is unlucky to cut the finger-nails on Friday, Saturday or Sunday. If you cut them on Friday you are playing into the devil's hand; on Saturday, you are inviting disappointment, and on Sunday, you will have bad luck all the week. There are people who suffer all sorts of gloomy forebodings if they absent-mindedly trim away a bit of nail on any of these days, and who will suffer all the inconvenience of overgrown finger-nails sooner than cut them after Thursday.

Nearly every body has an unlucky day, although most people look on Friday as a day of misfortune, probably because it is known as hangman's day. You can seldom find any one willing to move on Friday or Saturday. Friday is considered unlucky, and "Saturday's flitting makes short sitting."

Superstition is closely allied to witchcraft, and so extends to persons. Every one has heard the expressions: "That fellow is a regular Jonah," or "He's a hoodoo," or "I never have a bit of luck when I see so and so." This is especially so with theatrical people, racing men and gamblers. "Monkey Charley," a successful steeplechase jockey, rents his spurs out, when he hasn't got a mount, at five dollars a race to jockeys who think they can absorb some of his luck by wearing them. Another jockey, Kelly, who rode a good deal at Guttenburg, believes that if he can touch or pass near or ride near certain race-track habitues he will win, and resorts to all sorts of maneuvers to come in contact with his hoodoo. Another recent superstition of racing-men is that if a jockey dismounts at the post before the start for any reason whatever he will win, and when one is seen dismounting for cause, or one is thrown, there is an immediate rush for the bookmakers, and his mount is backed. A "mascot" is an indispensable member of a baseball club, and when militia go a visiting they carry one also. If you can "cross the hump" of a hunchback with fingers crossed you will have good luck. This must be done without the knowledge of the hunchbacked person, and if it is a darky the charm is so much more efficacious. If you can make the cross with money in your hand it is a sure thing that you will win any bet you make with that money. A dwarf is also a mascot for gamblers. They are often applauded for their generosity by those who don't know that they believe that giving to a cripple or beggar brings luck. It is considered a sign of coming disappointment if the first person you meet when starting out has red hair. To catch the eye of a cross-eyed person is an omen of misfortune which can be escaped from by turning all the way round three times. It can be passed on by touching some one else with fingers crossed; then the misfortune falls on the person touched.

The influence of the evil eye is known and dreaded the world over, and even the most practical can not avoid a shudder on finding an eye answering its description fixed on him.

The harbingers of death are many. The banshee of the Irish is a fixity in the Celtic mind, and many weird tales are told of its visits and grewsome warnings. The howling of a dog under the window of a sick room is an appalling sound to hear at the dead of night, and is enough to frighten a nervous person into the belief that it is a warning of death. Dogs have been known to go a long distance to howl under the window where some one was lying ill. Cats are also supposed by the credulous to have the power of foretelling death. If a bird flies into a room some one will die in that room before a year is passed, and if a spade is carried through a house there will be a grave dug for some one in the house within a year. If one eye of a corpse remains open a near and dear relative of the dead person will follow within a year. If a sick person takes medicine willingly and without complaint, or plays with the cover of the bed, it fills the mind of a nervous person with apprehension of death.

The shamrock, or four-leaf clover, is prized as one of the greatest of luck-bringing charms. Girls will hunt through the long summer days for the little green emblem of fortune, and when they find it, which is rare enough, they treasure it like a jewel or a first love letter. Few houses are without the good-luck horseshoe, although not every one knows how to hang it to keep good luck—with the open part up, so that the luck won't run off the points.

School-girls have practiced "wishing on" rings ever since rings were worn. The tricks played by young folks on Halloween are nothing but superstitions turned to fun, but some are quite a test of nerve, as setting a table for two at midnight, then one solitary watcher sitting down to wait for the wraith of her better half that is to be.

The prettiest and by far the most excusable superstitions are those attached to a wedding. The customs of throwing an old slipper or a handful of rice for luck, of avoiding Fridays and the month of May for weddings, and of choosing above all the happy month of roses, are so universal as to have become almost unwritten laws.

There are superstitions about jewels and colors, and in fact almost every thing animate or inanimate, and the wonder is that with them all the wheels still go round, and the world moves on.—N. Y. Sun.

PEDUNCLE'S WOOING.

A Commercial Tourist's Broken Heart and His Quick Recovery.

In the romantic rural hamlet of Spoonville, along whose quiet streets and shady lanes the barefooted urchin with a long fishing-pole over his shoulder sneaked down toward the mill-dam, and the frisky bee buzzed noisily among the clover blossoms like an assistant librarian at a Sunday-school picnic, the June sun, on one of those rare occasions when he forgot himself and condescended to shine, lit up the interior of the store of Markup & Comedown, dealers in dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, notions, groceries, drugs, medicines, queensware, paints, oils, wall-paper and window-blinds. In one corner of the room was the village post-office, occupying a space six feet square, and behind a curtain partition in the rear was a milliner's shop.

It was the witching hour of noon. Spoonville was at dinner. A pleasant odor of fried ham, mingled with suggestions of boiled cabbage and the rich aroma of the seductive onion, pervaded the dreamy atmosphere.

On the counter of the store of Markup & Comedown were spread the samples that J. Harry Poduncle, commercial traveler, had just taken from his iron-bound, baggageman-proof trunk for the inspection of the young woman with the blue eyes and golden hair, who acted as head clerk, chief milliner and assistant postmaster.

"I came at this time of day, Miss Winnie," said the young man, leaning confidentially over the counter, "because I was sure of finding you alone. There's no hurry about making any selections from this line of goods. Mr. Markup doesn't come back from his dinner till half-past twelve, and old Comedown always takes a nap at noon. I've got both of them down fine, you see. I haven't been coming to Spoonville for the last three years for nothing. And now tell me, you dear girl, how you've been—"

"Ary letters yere fur the Markleys ur the Gorums?"

The fair young assistant postmaster shook her head.

"Ur the Millses?"

"No."

"Nur the Jacobys, nur the Butlers?"

"No. Wait a moment. Are you going home past the Beerces?"

"Yas."

"Well, here's a letter for Mr. Kelso, that's visiting them."

"If that boy has gone, Winnie," said the drummer a moment later, "I want to tell you something. I've got three of this thing of having just twelve half-days of happiness in the year. The route I have to go over brings me here only once in thirty days, and I can't shorten it to save my life. I am going to quit the road. I have saved up something and I intend to go into business for myself. Then I shall build a little home in the suburbs of —"

"I'd like to git about five cents' wuth of plug tobacker," piped a lank, bilious-looking customer who had just dropped in. Miss Winnie waited on him and he went out again.

"And you know, Winnie," resumed young Peduncle, "whom I am going to ask to share that home with me —"

"Got any eggs?" called out a shrill voice as a little girl with a faded sun-bonnet, who had slipped into the store unobserved, stepped up to the counter.

"We have."

"Fresh?"

"Yes."

"Don't want them if they ain't fresh. Gimme a dozen."

The drummer waited patiently a few minutes longer.

"Has she gone?" he asked.

"Yes."

"Then I must speak quickly, for time is flying. It will break my heart, Winnie, if I have to go away from Spoonville again without the promise I want from the dearest girl in the world. Darling, will you be my wi—"

"Mr. Peduncle," quickly exclaimed the young girl, in confusion, "I ought not to have permitted you to go on in this way, but I did not dream you were speaking of me. Why, I have promised to marry Mr. Spatula."

"The young chap that travels for Drugmiller & Co.?"

"The gentleman that travels for Drugmiller & Co., sir!"

The drummer buried his face in his hands and leaned for a few moments motionless against the counter. Then he wiped his brow with a lavender-tinted silk handkerchief, took his order-book from his pocket, and asked, briskly:

"Miss Wagstaff, to begin with, shall I put you down for a dozen bottles of this prepared glue?"—Chicago Tribune.

Andrew Jackson's Dinner.

When General Andrew Jackson visited Concord, N. H., after his Presidential term had expired, he was entertained at Cass' Hotel, at that time the leading hotel of the State. The proprietor, wishing to do honor to his distinguished guest, provided a banquet and arranged to serve it with considerable style. With the first course the General surprised the waiter by ordering crackers and milk, and refused all other dishes, much to the disgust of the proprietor. Cass' Hotel was the great resort of stage drivers, and it was at this hotel Vice-President Morton boarded when a young man and engaged as a clerk in the dry-goods business. One of the leading merchants of Concord, now in active business, was a boarder at the hotel at that time and occupied a seat at the same table.—Boston Traveler.

—Two hundred and thirty-four were baptized into the Baptist churches in Russia last year. In spite of persecution the work prospers greatly.

MY LADDIE IN THE WEST.

It seemed so long—so long ago,
Yet only five short years,
Since from the open door I gazed,
My lashes wet with tears.
I saw him raise the waved adieu
Then turned and onward passed,
Till shadows hid my love from view—
My laddie in the West.

He passed Niagara's muffled roar,
Where rocks in grandeur stood,
Beyond the Mississippi's shore
And dark Missouri's flood—
On, on, to where thro' Western wilds
The red man's feet had pressed,
But faith and hope like armor clothed
My laddie in the West.

He, who once led the Hebrew's feet,
Forbade his steps to stray,
By night the flame illumed his path,
The fleecy cloud by day.
And love of God and love of home
Reigned steadfast in his breast,
No harm could angels bring to thee,
My laddie in the West.

Sometimes in dreams I hear his voice,
His step is at the door,
Again his dear eyes gaze in mine,
He kisses me once more.
His tender arms around me twine,
My head is on his breast,
Sweet as a harp, that voice of thine,
My laddie in the West.

Good-night! my little song is sung:
Behind the Western hill
The red sun drops—a glowing orb;
Hushed is the whip-poor-will.
Good-night! good-night! the lights burn low
I creep into my nest,
God bless you, keep you, hold you close,
My laddie in the West.
—Harriet M. Spaith, in Albany Argus.

THE MAGIC RING.

How the Wizard Aided in Gustavus' Choice of a Wife.

In a pretty chalet that nestled high against the shaggy breast of Mount Obgadin, lived the Widow Neur and her daughter Marie. A lonely home you would have thought it, but the fir trees that walled so in your ears whispered good cheer to Marie. When fierce winds came rushing down the mountain side she knew the trees would bend their tall heads together and twine their strong arms around her home, until robbed of his victim, the baffled storm rushed by.

When morning broke the same friends stood erect and stately, drawing aside their leaves and branches that the sunbeams might not linger in their soft embraces, but hasten down to waken their favorite, Marie.

Very lovely was our little Swiss maid, with violet eyes that now danced and sparkled and then grew soft and tender as a little child's. Two rose-red lips shut in her pearly teeth, and when she smiled a tiny dimple danced for a moment on her peachy cheek. Her hair clung in caressing curls around her low, white forehead and fell in ripples of golden sunshine far below her slender waist. And her voice! Ah! that was Marie's greatest charm. So't and clear, not a discordant note marred its sweet, pure harmony. Sometimes as she sang at her evening devotions the herdsmen far below in the valley, catching faint notes of her song, looked up and crossed themselves, half believing they heard the echo of an angel choir.

But very few knew of Marie's beauty, for when she went with her mother on one of her rare visits to the hamlet below she brushed her wavy hair straight and smooth back from her forehead, and braided it in long, stiff plaits which fell down her back. Her eyelids, with their curtains of long, silky lashes drooped over her dancing eyes until one looked in vain for a glimpse of their beauty. Her red lips shut firmly over the pearly teeth, while the dimple hid itself resolutely away from sight, and her sweet voice, frightened at its own sound so far from home, grew faint and husky, until in this shrinking, sober damsel walking so timidly beside the Widow Neur you would have found it hard to recognize the beautiful Marie of the mountains.

So it happened that only her mother and one other person knew how good and sweet and how fair Marie was.

This other was a stranger who came from a far-away country and spent his summers in a little house on the mountain's very top. The simple villagers called him "the wizard," and told strange tales of how he spent whole nights gazing at the heavens through a long tube; that he could foretell to an hour when the sun would cover itself with darkness; but, strangest of all, he had a little wire stretched for miles over hills and valleys to the great city. This wire talked to him in a queer language which no one else could understand. "Tick, tick, tickety tick," it said, and told him things that happened miles and miles away.

Marie did not know how wise the wizard was when he came to her home one morning and asked for a drink of water. He followed her to the spring when she went for it, and stopped by the way to break open a curious stone. He showed Marie how queerly marked it was inside, and then told her a story about it. The usually timid maiden was so interested that she forgot to be frightened, and thus a strong friendship between the two was begun.

After this the wizard often came to the widow's chalet for rest and refreshment on his long rambles, and Marie unconsciously revealed her charms to him, one by one, until, long before the first summer was ended, the stranger knew that no girl in all the canton could be compared with Marie.

On the other side of the mountain from the Widow Neur's home lived another widow. She, too, had but one child, a son, who was the pride and delight of her life, the young hunter and guide, Gustavus Friel.

Every one knew and liked Gustavus. Tall, straight and handsome, with flashing brown eyes, and a laugh as frank as a child's, he was the favorite of the canton, and there was not a girl within its bounds who would not have been proud to plight her troth with him. Gustavus, however, cared little for the Obgadin maidens. He would far rather chase the chamois up the mountain side, or guide travelers through its dangerous passes, than spend his time with the finest of the maids of the hamlet. His mother often said:

"My son, when wilt thou bring me home a daughter and thyself a wife?"

And Gustavus, smiling and pressing a kiss on her forehead, would answer:

"When I find a maid as good as thee, mother; but I want no idle, shrill-voiced wife to disturb our quiet home."

But one day his mother said, more sadly and seriously than ever before:

"Gustavus, I am growing old and feeble. I can no longer make and mend thy clothes and keep our home. Thou must have a wife. Promise me that at the *fete* next week thou wilt choose one from among the maidens there."

Gustavus reluctantly gave her the desired promise, but it weighed heavily upon him. He could think of nothing else afterward, and, the more he pondered, the heavier his heart grew. At last he seized his gun and went out on the mountain, but the perplexing question followed him; until, in despair, he threw himself on the ground groaning: "Oh, that some wise man would make this choice for me!"

A moment after he looked up and saw, as if in answer to his wish, the wizard approaching him. "Why," he exclaimed to himself, "did I not think of him before? Surely he, if any one, can help me." Then, with a throbbing heart, Gustavus sprang up and advanced to meet him. The wizard greeted Gustavus warmly, for he felt a strong friendship for the young guide who had taken him safely through many a dangerous mountain excursion.

And now his sympathetic question: "Why, what's troubling you, my boy?" opened the way for Gustavus to pour out all his perplexity, ending his recital with the question: "Canst thou not help me to choose a good wife, who will make my life happy, from the maidens at the *fete* next week?"

The wizard smiled sympathetically, and then thought in silence a little while before he answered:

"If a pure, true heart is united to a true, pure heart, both lives must be happy. There will be one such heart at the *fete*, but you may fail to recognize it. However, if you will come to me to-morrow I will give a charm that will show you this heart."

Here was a comfort, indeed, and with a light heart Gustavus thanked his friend and bounded forward. Left alone, the wizard continued down the mountain side until he came in sight of the Widow Neur's chalet, where he found Marie sitting by the spring. Instead of her usual sunshiny smile, tiny tear-drops stood in her eyes, and there was a grieved look about her rosy lips that made him wish to comfort her.

"What is the matter, little one?" he asked, gently.

"Oh, sir," she said, "I want to see the great *fete* next week, but I have no pretty ornaments to wear, and then—" The long curtains drooped low over her shining eyes, and the sweet voice sank almost to a whisper —"the good mother says none of the young men will care to dance with me, for I can not talk and laugh with them as other maidens. My heart beats fast if they do but glance toward me, and I know not what to say, and so"—here a tear slipped from under the long eyelashes—"my mother says I had better not go."

"Courage, little one," the wizard answered. "Tell your mother I am going to lend you a silver belt to wear, and that my knowledge tells me that the bravest, handsomest youth in all the land will dance with you quite joyfully." The happy Marie, as Gustavus had done, thanked the wizard and ran off to tell the wonderful news to her mother.

Early next morning Gustavus went for his charm. He found the wizard waiting for him, and, taking him into his strange room, the wise man said, smiling, as he had the day before, half quizzically, half sympathetically: "Here's the charm, my good fellow. You see it is a magic ring. Put it on before you go to the *fete*, and be sure you dance with every maiden there. When you place your arm about the waist of the one whose heart is true and good a strange feeling will run through you and your hand will cling to her."

Gustavus, greatly wondering, thanked the wizard and slipped on the ring. It was a curious circlet of iron, with a flat extension, which the wizard bade him wear pointing toward his palm.

When the *fete* day came Gustavus was there among the other young men, eager to try his charm. All the maidens of Obgadin canton were there also, and on the outskirts of one of the gay crowds little Marie hovered timidly beside her mother.

"Why didst thou come, Marie?" asked one of the girls; "didst thou think any youth would want to dance with a mouse to-day?"

Then, seeing the quick tears trembling on Marie's lashes, she added, more kindly:

"Ah! well, thou canst at least see our good times; and what a lovely belt thou hast, Marie! Where didst thou get it?"

"The wizard gave it her," the Widow Neur answered, shortly, for she did not relish the girl's tone.

"Come, Marie, let us sit here under the trees and watch the dance."

Marie nestled close to her mother's side, and, as the hours fled and no youth asked her to dance, her head dropped lower and lower, and she wondered if the wise man had made a mistake.

In the meantime Gustavus danced with one after another of the maids; but though he watched with intense eagerness, not once did he feel the strange thrill for which he waited.

"I have danced with them all," he said at last to himself, "except that shy one over there; surely she is not the girl. But, as I promised to dance with every one, I will try her, too." He asked her name of one of the girls, and then, going to her, said simply:

"Marie, wilt thou dance with me?"

Astonishment and delight made Marie for a moment forget her shyness. The wizard's words had come true! Rising quickly, she said, smiling upon him, and showing her beautiful eyes, already dancing with delight:

"Art thou come?"

"She is not so plain, after all," thought Gustavus, as he answered:

"Wast thou looking for me, Marie?"

Marie hung her head without answering, and Gustavus, wondering a little at her words, led her to the dance.

As he placed his arm around her, his hand touched her shining belt. Instantly a strange thrill ran through them both, and Gustavus' arm seemed to cling to Marie's waist. "Marie, dost thou feel that?" he cried, earnestly.

And Marie smilingly answered: "Yes." So they began dancing, and as they danced it seemed to those watching them that a wonderful transformation came over Marie.

Her hair, shaken loose from its long, stiff braids, hung like a glittering golden veil all around her, her beautiful eyes shone like stars, and the dimpled cheeks and pearly teeth formed a fit trysting-place for the laughing voice that now and then rang sweet and clear from her rosy lips.

"Surely," said the amazed villagers, "there was never such a handsome couple; but is not Marie under a charm, she has suddenly grown so lovely?"

But the Widow Neur smiled to herself and said: "Love's witchery, if it is true and pure, will transform all of us, and bring out all that is loveliest and best within us."

As for Gustavus, he thought rightly that he had never seen so good and beautiful a creature, and he blessed the wizard for the charm which had led his heart to her.

Long before the summer ended, Gustavus took home little Marie to be his own and his mother's greatest joy and happiness.

When Mons. le Wizard returned to Paris that winter he read a scientific paper before the savants of the academy. In it he detailed many of his wonderful discoveries and his work during the summer; but he did not speak of the most interesting of all—how, by the aid of a little magnet, concealed in a steel belt, and a rude ring, he had brought together two loving human hearts, and by so doing had caught some of the happiness of Paradise and imprisoned it in a chalet on old Obgadin Mountains.—The Table.

HUMOROUS.

—Mudge — "For Heaven's sake, Bosworth, have you been sandbagged or in a railway accident?" Bosworth —"Neither. I hid under the bed the other night to scare my wife."—Courier-Journal.

—Miss Culture—"What do you think of Henry George's single-tax idea?" Miss Gushington—"Well, I see no reason why he should not tax single men, but he shouldn't tax single women—it isn't our fault."

—Volts—"At last they have discovered an unflinching truthteller." Jars—"That so? We'd better inform the Ananias club." Volts—"Yes, it's a fact. The phonograph can not tell a lie."—Cincinnati Commercial.

—Visitor (at dairy farm)—"Well, what kind of a season have you had in the milk business?" Milkman—"Oh, poor, poor; haven't had such a drouth in twenty years. Why, there was actually one spell when we had to depend on the cows to supply our customers."—Epoch.

—"You look tired out," said his friend, anxiously. "Yes," answered the young physician, "you know I've been writing medical certificates for guests at a Rhode Island hotel—a thousand guests and sometimes three and four thousand 'sick' wine permits a day—couldn't use a stamp, either. It's beastly hard work."—N. Y. Herald.

—First Boomer—"You fellows have no git up about you at all. Why don't you have photographs of your town taken like we did? Are you ashamed of it?" Rival Boomer—"Naw, that ain't the reason at all. I want you to understand, young feller, that our town don't stand still long enough to be photographed."—Terre Haute Express.

—Nature's Grand Cathedral.—"Are you going to church to-day?" asked Mr. Orthodox of Mr. Freethink. "No," said Mr. Freethink, emphatically. "I shall worship in the great cathedral of nature." Half an hour later Mr. Freethink was seated at a rickety deal table under a dusty tree, listening to the notes of a wheezy orchestrion and drinking something that looked like beer.—Puck.

"I paid for this one, seventy-five cents," said the wife, showing her husband her purchases. "One, seventy-five?" said her husband, examining the article. "Then you have been swindled. It is not worth more than one dollar and a quarter." "You misunderstood me," corrected his wife; "I said seventy-five cents—not one, seventy-five." "Seventy-five? Well, you ought to have got it for half a dollar."

She Was Tired of It.

"Mr. Smithers," said his wife, "if I remember rightly you have often said that you disliked to see a woman constantly getting herself into print."

"I do," said Smithers, positively.

"You considered it unwomanly and inelicate, I believe."

"Very."

"And you don't see how any man could allow his wife to do any thing of the kind."

"Yes, I think so now."

"Well, Mr. Smithers, in view of all the facts in the case I feel justified in asking you for a new silk dress."

"A new silk dress?"

"Yes; for the last eight years I have had nothing better than eight-cent calico, and I want something else. I'm tired of getting into print."

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - AUGUST 23, 1889.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic State Convention will assemble in the Opera House, in the city of Harrisburg, on Wednesday, September 4, 1889, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the office of State Treasurer and transacting such other business as may properly come before it.

The rules of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania provide that "the representation in the State Convention shall consist of representative delegates, one for each 1,000 Democratic votes cast at the last gubernatorial election, or for a fraction of 1,000 such votes amounting to 500 or more, in the respective representative district; provided that each representative district shall have at least on delegate."

ELLIOTT P. KISNER,
Chairman Democratic State Committee.
BENJ. M. NEED, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

In pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Democratic County Committee at its meeting on August 12th, 1889, the Democratic voters of Cambria county will meet at their respective places of holding elections on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1889,

and vote by ballot for the nomination of candidates for county offices as follows:

One person for Prothonotary.
" " " Register and Recorder.
" " " District Attorney.
" " " Poor House Director.
" " " Coroner.
" " " County Surveyor.

Tickets and the necessary papers for conducting the election will be furnished to each committeeman. The committeemen will take the returns of the election to Ebensburg on Monday, August 26th, where a meeting of the committeemen will be held at 2 o'clock, P. M. of that day, when the votes will be counted and the names of the successful candidates will be announced.

The committeemen and members of the Board in each district shall be particular in being sworn in and in signing their respective oaths and returns.

Also the committeemen elected at the primaries for the ensuing year are requested to meet at Ebensburg on Monday, August 26th, 1889, at 4 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a chairman and transacting such other business as may be necessary.

JAMES M. WALTERS, Chairman.

The following are the rules for the government of the Democratic primary elections in this county:

SECTION 1. The time of opening and closing the polls in townships and boroughs shall be as follows: The polls shall be opened at 1 o'clock, P. M., and closed 7 o'clock, P. M.

SECTION 2. The committeemen of the respective townships and boroughs shall be the Judges of the Primary Elections, and shall appoint two Inspectors who shall serve as Clerks and who shall be members of the Democratic party.

SECTION 3. Formal papers shall be sent to the Committeemen by the Chairman, and each Committeeman shall make triplicate returns, signed by the Judge and attested by the Inspectors or Clerks. One of said returns shall be posted up in a conspicuous place at the place of holding the election immediately after the returns are made out, with a list of names of parties voting at said Primary Elections; also, one of said returns to remain in the hands of the County Committeeman of each district, and one copy of said returns, with a list of voters, to be sealed up and returned by the Return Judge to the Chairman of the County Committee. The tickets to be sealed up and kept by the Committeeman for thirty days.

SECTION 4. Parties shall only be allowed to vote at the place of holding the General Election in the district where they actually reside, and none shall vote except those that voted the Democratic ticket at the preceding General election, except those that have arrived at the age of twenty-one years since the last General Election and declare themselves Democrats.

SECTION 5. The Committeemen shall be elected by ballot on the day of the Primary Election.

SECTION 6. The newly elected Committee shall elect their Chairman by ballot at their first regular meeting.

SECTION 7. The Chairman shall remain in office until his successor is elected.

SECTION 8. The Chairman shall call a meeting of the newly elected Committee within thirty-five days from the date of the Primary Election.

SECTION 9. The newly elected Chairman shall nominate his Secretary.

SECTION 10. Any contested nomination to be tried before the County Committee after formal, specific charges, as in contested cases at law. No case of contest shall be entertained unless specific charges are preferred and placed in the hands of the Chairman of the County Committee within thirty days after the election, and notice thereof shall be given to the candidate contested within five days.

BELGIUM, of all nations, has the greatest density of population, the largest diversity of occupation, the most uniform distribution of wealth and the minimum of pauperism.

FREDERICK WATTS, ex-judge of the north Pennsylvania judicial district, commissioner of agriculture under President Grant, and ex-president of the Cumberland Valley railroad, died in Carlisle on Saturday, aged 87 years.

THE exports of specie from the port of New York last week amounted to $175,200, of which $18,800 was in gold and $156,400 silver. All the silver went to Europe and all the gold to South America. The imports of specie for the week amounted to $163,689, of which $129,453 was in gold and $34,236 silver.

Says the Washington *Post*: "When entire business houses are given over to dog furnishings; when dogs are given Turkish baths and have special attendants, special toilet combs, brushes and perfumes; when dogs sleep on eider down cushions and eat special dishes off individual services, isn't it time we dropped the phrase, "treated like a dog?' 'treated like a man,' would have the better application in multitudes of cases."

THE State of Nevada is in a bad way. Whereas in 1876 nearly 20,000 voters appeared at the polls in Nevada, in 1888 but 12,000 votes were counted. To-day her population is little more than 50,000, and it is still on the down grade. It will not be long before she will be unable to maintain her State Government, the burden of doing so is almost too much for her to bear now. What is to be done? The question has no precedent. It is reasonably difficult at times for a Territory to become a State, but we know of no process under the Constitution by which a State can again become a Territory. A State once, a State forever, seems to have been the intention of the framers of the Constitution. Such a case as Nevada's has never occurred, before, and is not likely to happen again. But this is no comfort to Nevada. She will be calling for legislative relief before long.

THE pension bureau says the Pittsburg *Post*, has just removed another important check to the indiscriminate award of pensions by deciding that the dishonorable discharge of a soldier is no bar to asking for and obtaining a pension. Under this ruling the deserter who was shot in the heel while running toward the enemy, or to the rear, may become one of the nation's wards, and assist in reducing the surplus. The decision overrules the construction of the law by General Black, which made dishonorable discharge from the service a bar to a pension. That would seem to be common sense, for the law provides a way of correcting a dishonorable discharge if it was undeserved and unjust.

Another decision promulgated on Tuesday, although not so glaring as this one, will probably be of much greater effect in unloading the surplus—by opening wider than ever before the doors to applicants. Hitherto proof of the origin of disability was required from one commissioned officer or one orderly sergeant, while in its absence the testimony of two private soldiers has been required. Tanner now proclaims that hereafter the evidence of the claimant and one private soldier is all that will be required. This opens the door to log-rolling, on the plan "you swear for me and I'll swear for you." Tanner says "the boys have been kicking against the old rule all over this broad land." Yes; the boys urged on by the claim agents. In practice this new rule will be found most mischievous; it is a temptation and incentive to perjury.

Less than 10 years ago Pension Commissioner Bentley, a Republican appointed by General Grant, and who held the office for nearly six years, declared that one-fifth of the pensions then on the rolls were fraudulent, or granted in evasion of the law or of the sound and recognized principles that should govern the award of pensions. The proportion under the loose rulings of Bently's successors—Dudley, Black and Tanner—has largely increased. It would not be too high to put it now at one-third. It is nearly 25 years since the close of the war, and there are now between 400,000 and 500,000 names on the pension rolls calling for an expenditure of $80,000,000 annually. Under Tanner's "liberal-to-the boys" policy it is likely to be increased to $120,000,000 without any change in the laws. The changes proposed by the Republicans in bidding for the soldier vote, and at the bidding of that "sturdy and menacing beggar," as George William Curtis characterizes the Grand Army, will probably increase the annual outlay before the country dismisses Harrison to $200,000,000, a year. Here is something to ponder on.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN has been sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, and Referee Fitzpatrick plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $200. But Mississippi, like other States, has a way to retard, if not to defeat justice, and the case goes to the Supreme Court for review.

The bond which Sullivan gave after Judge Terrill, at Purvis, Miss., had pronounced the sentence of one year's imprisonment at hard labor was for $1000 for his appearance and $500 costs. The action of Sullivan's lawyers in instantly appealing the case to the Supreme Court gives the Big Fellow six months grace, as the matter cannot come up for a hearing before that tribunal until February next, and in view of the action of the Grand and petit juries in recommending the prisoner to the the clemency of the Court, which recommendations Judge Terrill calmly ignored the friends of the slugger profess to believe that he will in the end escape the condign punishment visited on him by the inexorable dispenser of Mississippi justice.

THE Philadelphia *Herald* propounds the following: "England has free trade and free trade ruins and pauperizes any nation, as the Republican platform claims; but here is English capital buying up American flour mills and Americas breweries. Many millions of British gold are also invested in American railroads while English money controls nearly every trans-Atlantic steamship leaving this country. British capital is the ruling force in over one-half of the civilized world and is now turning its attention to acquiring immense possessions in America. Under protection American capitalists are parting with their possessions for British gold and yet it is claimed that protection brings wealth and prosperity to the country. If prosperity and free trade brings ruin isn't it singular that free trade Great Britain is the richest nation in the world and is gradually acquiring possession of American industries?

UNDER the inspiration, possibly, of members of the South Fork Fishing Club, says the Philadelphia *Record*, it has been announced from Pittsburg that the South Fork dam, which burst on May 31, is to be rebuilt. Very likely the aristocratic idlers whose negligence contributed so largely to the destruction of Johnstown and adjacent villages can see no reason why their fishing and shooting should be spoiled for lack of a dam to restore the waters of the South Fork lake. But the people of Pennsylvania will scarely agree with them. The broken dam should never be restored; and he would be a bold man, indeed, who would undertake the task of reconstruction.

STEVE BRODIE, who has performed some extraordinary feats in leaping from high bridges and towers, has gone to Niagara to go over the Falls, a distance of 160 feet. It is hardly within the range of probability that he will not be killed. A purse of $1,500 has been raise by the hotels and others for him. An attempt so foolhardy should be stopped by the authorities who, however, have given notice that they will not intefere with any performances of the kind.

WILLIAM THAW, a prominent and wealthy Pittsburg man died in Paris, France on Saturday last aged 71 years.

The Mistaken "Settled Policy" of the State of Iowa.

In spite of the strong and general tendency against Prohibitory fanaticism the Republican Convention of Iowa was constrained to declare that "Prohibition is the settled policy of the State," upon which "there should be no step backward."

Whatever may have been the reluctance of many members of the Convention to make such a declaration of policy against the prevailing sentiment of the country, there was no alternative. Had they resolved in favor of repealing laws that are treated with contempt in a large portion of the State they would have been left in the lurch by their Prohibition allies, and in that situation they would have called in vain to Hercules to help them. Had they taken refuge in silence they would have invited the same danger.

There were many Republicans in Iowa who predicted that no good to the party could come out of the pact with Prohibition and its advocates. But these Republicans are in too hopeless a minority to lead a successful movement within the party in favor of High License, and they have not sufficient independence to break with their political associates on this issue. While they see that their worst predictions in regard to the Prohibitory policy have been realized, they compromise with their own consciencees by tacitly consenting that so far as they are concerned the Prohibitionists shall have their sumptuary laws and the rest of the people their beer rather than raise a disturbance in the party that might seriously interfere with their own political interests or ambition.

In this situation the Prohibitory laws may remain on the statute books of Iowa long after they shall have been permitted to fall into "innocuous desuetude." Yet there are evidences of growing discontent with the policy among the masses of the people of that State. Behind the moral and social aspects of the policy lurk some financial considerations of no small weight. In the cities and towns the taxpayers find their burdens increased by a loss of revenues which the license system supplied, as well as by the costs incurred in more or less futile attempts to punish violators of the Prohibitory laws.

To these considerations is added the uncomfortable fact that consumers must pay higher prices for beer and Whisky of worse quality in order to compensate the sellers for their risks of prosecution. For the luxury of Prohibition the citizen of Iowa must pay not only higher taxes for the support of municipal government, but an extra tribute to the contraband dealer or town druggist every time he indulges in a drink or needs liquor for medicinal or mechanical purposes.

It does not follow that there is likely to be a political revolution in Iowa in consequence of the popular dissatisfaction with the Prohibition. People will often submit to serious inconveniences rather than abandon their party associations and prejudices. As the administration of the Prohibitory law shall relax the demand for its repeal will grow fainter and fainter. In Maine it is probable that a larger majority would be given for Prohibition now than ever before, for the very reason that the law is treated with more general contempt than ever. Into this lamentable condition Iowa is rapidly falling in the fanatical attempt to maintain an impracticable code, and in the hypocrisy and cowardice of politicians.—*Phila. Record.*

Stand Firm.

The message of President Cleveland and the Mills bill had very little to do with the Democratic defeat. If they had they furnish no ground for modifying or taking a step backward. The position was right and it is commanding more and more the approval of the people. That unnecessary taxation is unjust can be comprehended by any honest man, however ignorant. If the necessaries of life can be cheapened in the homes of the poor without depriving the Government of needed revenue a movement to that end must meet with popular favor. The assurances so strongly given to the working classes that the election of Harrison would bring them better wages, followed as it has been by a general scaling down of wages, cannot fail to open the eyes of thousands who had been blinded and decived by false pretences. The multiplication of trusts and combines, which have either been originated or fostered by the high tariff, is having an influnce upon the public mind. The Democratic party has only to stand firmly upon the ground taken in the last national struggle to win an easy victory in 1892. If it wavers or falls back from its vantage ground it will deserve defeat. So rapid has been the change in public sentiment in favor of the Democratic doctrine of a tariff for revenue only and a reduction of taxation to the economical needs of the Government that if the election were to take place now Cleveland would be elected by an overwhelming majority. The contributions of the Carnegies and the Wanamakers, with the blocks of five judiciously arranged by the Dudleys, would fall of their object. —Cincinnati *Enquirer.*

Great Surplus in Grain.

Latest returns estimate the American wheat crop of 1889 at 500,000,000 bushels, nearly 85,000,000 bushels in excess of the crop of last year. This will leave not less than 150,000,000 bushels of wheat for export. Last year the exports of wheat and wheat flour amounted to 121,000,000 bushels notwithstanding the obstacles to the export trade that were created by speculative operations in the Chicago wheat pit.

In the present favorable conditions the corn crop of this year promises to be enormous. Last year's yield of Indian corn was estimated to be nearly 2,000,000,000, bushels, and it is probable that it will be exceeded considerably by the crop of this year.

Last year's exports of Indian corn meal amounted to but little more than 35,000,000, bushels. But in consequence of the short crops of wheat and other cereals in Russia and Austria the exports of Indian corn promise to be greatly stimulated in order to supply the poor of Europe with cheap bread.

RAILROADS in the United States says an exchange, are having about all the burdens in the shape of expense and reduced rates for traffic that they can bear and maintain an existence. In some sections the course of competing parallel lines has caused this, while in other localities temporary conditions and the exigencies of fire, accident and flood have been productive of great loss. Recently the Southern Pacific Railway laid aside 350 machinists, planning to get along without their further services.

Epoch.

The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health, to the use of the Great Alterative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of Kidneys, Liver or Stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50 cents and $1 per bottle at the drug store of E James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

Ruin by Protection.

The manufacturers of jute bagging for covering cotton bales enjoy the protection of a prohibitory duty on competing products. That is to say, under Republican policy a paternal government by law compels the millions of American citizens who are engaged in growing cotton to buy their bagging of this little company of favored rich men. This is called protecting American industry.

The little group of rich monopolists last year formed themselves into a Trust, shut up some of their mills, thereby throwing workmen out of employment, and advanced the price of jute bagging to an extent which imposed an additional tax of several millions of dollars on the growers and consumers of cotton.

Thus the "protection" of a few rich men involved the oppressive robbery of a multitude of men not rich. And that is what protection usually does.

The planters this year have sought to protect themselves against this destructive "protection" by buying a cotton cloth bagging which the Southern cotton mills make, for use in lieu of the jute. The mills have manufactured this bagging extensively and all the planters have bought their year's supply. Now comes the news that the jute-bagging manufacturers have secured an alliance with the Liverpool Cotton Exchange authorities under which that Exchange peremptorily refuses to "recognize" cotton bales covered with cotton bagging.

It is reported that this decision will ruin many of the cotton growers and pecuniarily injure all of them. If so, their ruin, or whatever injury short of ruin they suffer, will be the direct consequence and fruit of that policy of legislating for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many which is misnamed "protection." The facts in the case will hardly tend to stimulate the growth of the alleged Protectionist sentiment in the South.—*N. Y. World.*

Turning the Rascals In.

A negro in North Carolina the other day received his notice of appointment to a place in the postal service, in the penitentiary, where he was serving a term for burglary, committed after his application was sent to the good Mr. Wanamaker. According to a dispatch to the New York *Tribune* of Monday, Henry Rakestraw, a negro, was recently appointed postmaster at Cheraw, S. C., a town which, according to the *Gazetteer*, has seven churches and two academies. "Early this week he went to Darlington, a larger town, to get bondsmen. After making vain efforts in this direction he became disgusted and got drunk. He was soon arrested and taken to the guardhouse, where in default of $10 he was sent to jail for 10 days. A resident of Darlington telegraphed the facts to the Postmaster General. Mr. Wanamaker did not reply, and finally the Democrats opened a subscription, the fine was paid and the new appointee was given a ticket home." There seems to be a purpose in appointing negroes to the postal service at the South to get hold of the most objectionable material. A good many jail birds and others of the criminal class have also crept into the public service at the North. But the people must not be too exacting. Clarkson, to maintain his average of removals, has no time for close scrutiny of appointees. In his own State of Indiana Mr. Harrison seems to have had an unusual run of bad luck, in getting hold of disreputable characters for public office. This is probably owing to the obligations incurred at the election last Fall in working Dudley's organized scheme of bribery in blocks of five. It brought the rascals who must be taken care of to the front.—*Pittsburg Post.*

The State Work at Johnstown.

When it was announced that the Governor had secured a loan of a million dollars to be used in cleaning up the wreck of Johnstown it was conceded that the position of that official in opposing an extra session of the Legislature was in a great measure justified. When further reports made it appear that the work was nearly done with an expenditure of about $200,000, the Governor's views seemed to receive a further demonstration. Had the facts continued to support the Executive's position his triumph in that respect would, in great measure, have offset his dilatoriness at the height of the crisis.

But a very different state of facts is appearing now. It comes to the public knowledge that $300,000 was the limit of the loan. It is stated that this sum is exhausted and the people of Johnstown very pertinently point out that the work is not done. If the work was worth commencing it was worth finishing. To have it half or three-quarters done will be neither creditable to the State administration nor satisfactory to the public. With the task properly completed there will be an equitable claim upon the Legislature to discharge the debt incurred in doing it. If it is left undone it can hardly be regarded as anything more valid than an illustration of incompetence.

Yet there is no way apparent by which the work can be done except to revert to the plan which the Governor rejected nearly three months ago, and call together the body authorized to make appropriations. Failing that, the State can leave the ruined town to struggle with the question of removing the debris for itself.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

A Narrow Margin to Work on.

The death of Congressman Laird makes the Republican majority so slender in the House of Representatives that in order to maintain a quorum for the transaction of partisan business every Republican member will have to be in his seat. This consideration throws a sort of mildew on the extra session programme.

The first business of the extra session would be to set in motion the machinery for throwing out Democratic members whose seats are to be contested. There are eighteen or twenty contests to be settled, and it is essential if the Republican majority is to be made safe that the Committee on Elections shall make an early start with its work. It goes without saying that the Republican contestants will be counted in without any serious consideration of the state of the poll. There is abundant Republican precedent for seating minority candidates. The committee will only ask to know, with a little less bluntness than the late Thad Stevens, "which damned rascal is our damned rascal?" and, being informed, will govern themselves accordingly.

The party that did not hesitate to balk the will of the people in choosing a President will make short work in unseating objectionable Representatives. But in order to put the ax in motion there must be a working majority to begin with. It may be prudent to wait for re-enforcements from the Dakotas, Washington and Montana.—*Phila. Record.*

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto, as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—George Green, of Alabama, has been serving a term of imprisonment for life for murdering a man who is now found to be living.

—A 10-year-old girl living near Norristown fell from a second story window while asleep during the night and escaped injury.

—There are still over 10,000,000 square miles of unoccupied districts in various heathen lands, where missionaries thus far have never entered.

—A finger that was carried off Martin Frand's hand by a small cannon in Camden on the Fourth of July was found Monday on the roof of a two-story house two blocks from the scene of the accident.

—George Gottshall, aged 12 years, was killed in Hunsicker & Co.'s hosiery factory, at Reading, on Wednesday by being caught in the elevator cage. He was pulled head first from the third to the first floor.

—It is estimated that 8,000 or 10,000 people, most of whom are skilled men, will be locked out by the failure of the window-glass manufacturers and their men to agree on terms in the recent conference at Pittsburgh.

—An umpire for a ball game at L'Anse, Mich., paralyzed a crowd of people by appearing on the field armed with a cutlas, a big musket, an ax and a spyglass. On his back was painted a big sign, "You will please side with me."

—Frank Stevenson, colored, a boy resident of Williamsport, Md., was overtaken by a storm and took refuge in a hollow tree. Lightening struck the tree and young Stevenson was instantly killed. His lifeless body was found the next morning standing upright in a tree.

—Harry See, a well-known farmer of St. Joseph, Ill., was found dead on Monday afternoon in his house with two bullet wounds in his body. It is believed he was shot in a family row, and in self defense by his wife, who is cut and bruised and bears many marks of ill use. She refuses to say anything about the matter.

—John Jennings, of Scranton, a Delaware, Lackawanna and Western section foreman, while endeavoring too loosen a shovel that was fast under a tie, slipped his foot into a switch so tight he could not remove it to avoid an approaching train, and he was run down and instantly killed, his body being badly mangled.

—A farmer near Corry who had had many sheep killed by dogs built around the bodies an inclosure of rails twelve feet high, the rails being sloped so that dogs could easily climb in and exit was impossible. In three nights the farmer captured forty-six dogs, including fifteen or twenty that had never been in that neighborhood before.

—A new use for rabbits has been found by the physicians of the Birmingham, England, Lunatic Asylum. A number of wild rabbits have been turned loose on to the fields adjoining the institution, so that the inmates will be amused by seeing the rabbits run about, and to divert the minds of the patients is one of the great objects of the institution.

—The sheep is usually considered a stupid animal, but his environment in Colorado has brightened even his dull wits. Purchasers of sheep that have been brought from that State say that the animal holds his head more erect than those which come from other States, and say that this habit is caused by the sheep being in constant peril of being assailed by some wild animal.

—Henry Bair, of West Bradford, Chester county, caught a four-foot long blacksnake in his corn field, and has since made a pet of it. The reptile goes away from the house and comes back again at his pleasure, and does not run away at the approach of any one, but rather plays around their feet. He eats all things given him and appears to enjoy the caressing he receives on all sides.

—It is said that the common cowcatcher attachment to locomotives is about the only article of universal use that was never patented. Its inventor was D. B. Davies, of Columbus, who found his model in the plow. Red lights on the rear car of trains, it is further said, were adopted at the suggestion of the late Mrs. Swisshelm, after a railway accident in which she had a narrow escape.

—A peculiar accident occurred at a gas well near Anderson, Ind. The well is a phenomenal one, and has so far defied all attempts to pack it. Henry Loffner, one of the drillers, while passing the well extended his arm some some two or three feet from its mouth, but directly over it, when the force of the gas blew his arm to a perpendicular position with such violence as to dislocate it at the shoulder.

—Saturday was general pay day at Wilkesbarre, and as a result there were three murders in the region. At Pittston John Tates struck Thomas Snell on the temple, killing him instantly. At the same place Charles Fitzgerald was stabbed twice in the abdomen, and died Sunday night. Edward Welsh has been arrested for the crime. At Plymouth Michael Mihlskinski stabbed Joe Ledouchelhi, inflicting a fatal wound.

—While Mrs. Sarah Valentine, of West Chester, was engaged on Friday last in burning caterpillars from a tree in her yard, she accidently set fire to her clothing and was burned in a frightful manner. From that time until midnight on Saturday she suffered the most excruciating pain, when death relieved her of her torments. She was horribly burned, and in some portions of her body the flesh dropped from the bones.

—A dispatch from Prairie DuChien, Wis., says that the pearl hunter's craze has struck here and the largest number of pearls yet reported in this State have been gathered during the past day or two. More than 1,000 pearls were sent from here in one day by two or three parties. While hunting pearls on Monday a man by the name of Larovue fished up a large bombshell that had probably laid in the river a great many years—probably from the time of the capture of the old fort by the British.

—A discovery was made public in San Diego recently which is destined to add another valuable product to the already long list of California resources. This is a soap mine. A deposit containing thousands of tons of a fine quality of natural soap exists within a dozen of miles of the city. Families in the vicinity of the soap deposit have recently tested it in the crude state with most satisfactory results, and specimens shown in this city last week would indicate that it will require little extra treatment in its preparation for market.

Whiskey Kills.

How often are we yet to be told that whiskey kills? Arsenic kill; opium kills, and so do hundreds of other good remedies kill if *abused* instead of *used*. But ask the question, "Will whiskey cure?" "Yes!" is the positive reply of the most eminent physicians of all the land. Disease steals into your system like a sneak thief into your house, and often by neglecting a bad cold, we end our days in lingering, and wishing for health—when, indeed, *one* bottle of *Pure Whiskey* or *Brandy* would have cured the cold. Such goods may be scarce, but they can be found at Max Kleins, 82 Federal street, Allegheny. His "Silver Age" is the only whisky endorsed by the doctors. You can get the pure Guckenheimer, Finch or Gibson Rye at $1.00 per quart or six quarts for $5.00 Send for price list.

FOSTER & QUINN,

SUCCESSORS TO GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

113 AND 115 CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA.

Call attention to their large and varied assortment of Dress Goods, comprising black and colored Silks, a full line of black Cashmeres, Henriettas, Melrose, Drass d' Alma, Armmes and Nuns' Veilings, colored Cashmeres, Henriettas, Serges, Broad Cloths, Albatross, etc. Wash Dress Goods in all styles. Dress Buttons and Trimmings to match Dress Goods, Table Linen, Napkins, Towels and Toweling, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear and Hosiery, Corsets in 25 different styles, Misses' Corsets and Waists, Kid Gloves and Silk Mitts, Table Covers and Lambrequins, Hamburg Lace Flouncing, etc., etc.

GOODS DELIVERED TO R. R. DEPOT.

JOB :: PRINTING.

THE FREEMAN
Printing Office
Is the place to get your
JOB PRINTING
Promptly and satisfactorily executed. We will meet the prices of all honorable competion. We don't do any but first-class work and want a flying price for it.

With Fast Presses and New Type
We are prepared to turn out Job Printing of every discription in the FINEST STYLE and at the very
Lowest Cash Prices.

Nothing but the best material is used and our work speaks for itself. We are prepared to print on the shortest notice
POSTERS, PROGRAMMES,
BUSINESS CARDS, TAGS, BILL HEADS,
MONTHLY STATEMENTS, ENVELOPES,
LABELS, CIRCULARS, WEDDING AND
VISITING CARDS, CHECKS, NOTES,
DRAFTS, RECEIPTS, BOND WORK,
LETTER AND NOTE HEADS, AND
HOP AND PARTY INVITATIONS, ETC.

We can print anything from the smallest and neatest Visiting Card to the largest Poster on short notice and at the most Reasonable Rates.

The Cambria Freeman,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.

THE :: SUN.

1889

And for the Democracy.

THE SUN believes that the campaign for the election of a Democratic Congress in 1890 and a Democratic President in 1892 should begin on or about the fourth of next March. THE SUN will be on hand at the beginning and until the end of the most interesting and important political conflict since the war, doing its honest utmost, as ever, to secure the triumph of the Democratic party and the permanent supremacy of the principles held by Jefferson, Jackson and Tilden.

The great fact of the year is the return to absolute power of the common enemy of all good Democrats—the political organization for whose overthrow THE SUN fought at the front for fifteen years, the memorable years of Grant and the Grand Hayes, and Garfield and Arthur.

It is the same old enemy that Democrats now confront, and he will be intrenched in the same strong position. It has been carried once by brave and fighting hopeful. Do you not believe with THE SUN that the thing can be done again? Wait and see.

The hope of the Democracy is in the loyal efforts of the united press, cherishing no memories of past differences in non-essentials, forgetting everything but the lessons of experience, and that victory is a duty.

Probably you know THE SUN already as a newspaper which got all the news and prints it in incomparably interesting shape; which chronicles it as it does occur and tells the truth about men and events with absolute fearlessness; making the completest and most entertaining journal published anywhere on earth; and which sells its opinions only to its subscribers and purchasers at two cents per copy—on Sundays four cents. If you do not know THE SUN, send for it and learn what a wonderful thing it is to be in the sunshine.

Daily, per month	80 50
Daily, per year	6 00
Sunday, per year	2 00
Daily and Sunday, per year	8 00
Daily and Sunday, per month	0 70
Weekly Sun, one year	1 00

TIMBER FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS THE OWNER OF a tract of land situated in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., containing about **180 ACRES**, located 3½ miles North of Ebensburg, which is heavily timbered with

Hemlock, Beech, Sugar, Etc.

The timber on said premises or the land and timber is for sale, and for further information in regard to same apply to or address

EDWARD GRIFFITH,
Ebensburg, June 14, 1889.-tf. Ebensburg, Pa.

HIGH ST. BARBER SHOP.

F. CASSIDAY, Proprietor.

Shop is located one door east of Central Hotel. If you want a smooth shave, a nice shampoo, or a fashionable hair cut give me a call. Always at shop in business hours.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
AND
HYPOPHOSPHITES

Almost as Palatable as Milk

So disguised that it can be taken, digested, and assimilated by the most sensitive stomach, when the plain oil cannot be tolerated; and by the combination of the oil with the hypophosphites is much more efficacious.

Remarkable as a flesh producer.

Persons gain rapidly while taking it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the Purest and Best preparation in the world for the relief and cure of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES, EMACIATION, COLDS and CHRONIC COUGHS.

The great remedy for Consumption, and Wasting in Children. Sold by all Druggists.

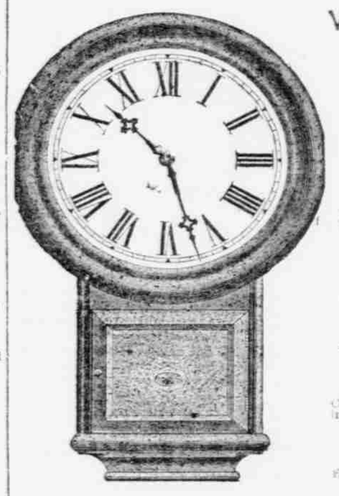
CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife; book free. Drs. Gratigny & Byrd, No. 163 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



Watches, Clocks
—JEWELRY,—
Silverware, Musical Instruments
—AND—
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Sole Agent
—FOR THE—
Celebrated Rockford
WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches
In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY always on hand.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

CARL RIVINIUS.
Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBER WEAR

JUST RECEIVED AT

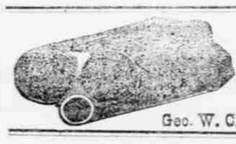
R. L. DAVIS' CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Boots for Men and Boys,
Gum Boots for Men and Boys
Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,
Gum Shoes for Ladies and Children
Shoes for Children and Babies,
Shoes to fit Everybody at Lowest Prices.

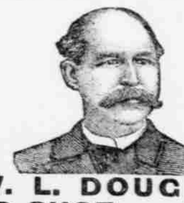
JULIAN ST., EBENSBURG, PA.

Smithville C. Shuttleworth's
Near Philadelphia.
School Opens Sept. 19th.
Yearly Expense, $500.
Quarterly Pay'ts, $125.
Media Academy

Our New Combination Shot Gun and Rifle



We have the best gun for the money ever offered. Breech loader for $5.50. Seventeen other styles. Send for a sample gun. OUR EMPEROR GUN is unsurpassed. Our new Rifles, Revolvers, Watches, Washing Machines, Sewing Machines, Guns, Rifles, Wallpaper Washing or Sporting Goods are unsurpassed in quality, and are sold at the lowest prices. Send for our illustrated catalogue, sent free to any address. OUR MAN ON THE ROAD will call on you. Send 25 cts. for a sample Rifle Cartridge.
Geo. W. Claflin & Co., 54 & 56 Duane St., New York.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

$3 SHOE FOR LADIES.

$5.00 Best in the world. Examine his
$4.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$3.50 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$2.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.25 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.00 and $1.75 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

Fraudulent when my name and price are not stamped on bottom. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FOR SALE BY
BARKER BRO'S., EBENSBURG PA.

— ELY'S —
CREAM : BALM
HAY-FEVER
AND
COLD IN HEAD

CATARRH
HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostrils and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., New York.

When you want posters printed call at this office.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL

Charles S. Cill, Proprietor.

Table unsurpassed. Remodeled with office on ground floor. Natural gas and incandescent light in all rooms. New stable and laundry attached to house.

Cor. Wood St. & Third Ave.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOT DEAD YET
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WORK
AND TIN ROOFING.

Respectfully invites the attention of the citizens and the public in general to the fact that he is now carrying on business at the old shop on Locust Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacture to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.

☞ No penitentiary work either sold or done at this establishment.

TIN ROOFING A SPECIALTY.

Give me a call and satisfy yourselves of the work and prices.

VALLIE LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 18, 1888-tf.

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY. Salary and Expenses paid, or Commission if preferred. Salesmen wanted everywhere. No experience needed. Address stating age, THE C. E. Van Duzen Nursery Co., Geneva, N. Y.

August 2, 1889.-tf.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - AUGUST 23, 1889.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Low cut shoes and low cut prices at Barker Bros.

—Rev. Father Boyle, of Gallitzin, was in town on Thursday.

—Mr. James P. Baker, of Cherrytree, was in town on Thursday.

—Barkers' bargains are not catch-penny, but save-penny bargains.

—Dr. J. T. Christy, of Altoona, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

—Mr. Charles C. Anna, of St. Boniface dropped in to see us on Wednesday.

—Mr. Irwin Wirtz, of Houserville, Center county, Pa., is visiting in Ebensburg.

—Miss Lizzie Dale, of Houserville, Center county, Pa., is visiting friends in this place.

—Mr. Casper Leap and wife, of Nicktown, were visitors to Ebensburg on Thursday.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., has just received a car load of A No. 1 salt cheap for cash or trade.

—Mr. Frank Chase, a former Ebensburg boy, but now residing in Pittsburg, spent Sunday in town.

—The commissioners of Mifflin county want to borrow $60,000 for twenty years at 4 per cent. interest.

—Barker Bros. have some dress goods suitable for this season of the year, that they are closing out cheap.

—Mrs. Gen. W. Jones, of Pittsburg and daughter, are visiting Mrs. Jones' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. K. Zahm.

—The "W. S." cook stove, fruit-drier and evaporator, is just the nicest thing on the market for drying berries and fruits.

—Mrs. M. Sisk and son Paul, and Miss May O'Donnell, of Lawrenceville, are visiting the Misses O'Neills, of this place.

—Before you get ready to sow your wheat call at Barkers' and get a good grain and phosphate drill as well as a spring tooth harrow.

—James Fern, a miner working for Scott & Co. at Summerhill, was killed on Tuesday by a fall of coal. He was about forty-five years of age and unmarried.

—With the U. S. cook stove, fruit-drier and evaporator, any lady can dry her waste apples, peaches, berries, corn or anything else without any trouble or expense.

—Miss Mattie Howell, who has been visiting friends in Reynoldsville, Jefferson county, Pa., for the past two weeks, returned to her home in this place on Monday.

—Call at Barker Bros. and see the "Little Wonder,"—the cook stove fruit-drier—the most complete invention for drying fruits and berries.

—Miss Annie Vogle, who has been visiting the Misses Blair, in this place, for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Indiana, Indiana county, on Thursday.

—This is a good season of the year to pick up good bargains, and at Barkers' you will find some especially good bargains in dress goods.

—At a meeting of the executive committee of the State agricultural association held in Philadelphia last week, it was decided not to hold a State agricultural fair this fall.

—Joseph and David Nicely, convicted of murdering Farmer Umberger, after robbing him of $13,000, were refused a new trial at Somerset on Monday and sentenced to be hanged.

—Rupture cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail.

—Messrs. Phil. Fenlon, Cyrus Jones and Bert. Scanlan, returned home on Sunday from a ten days' excursion to Atlantic City. They express themselves as having an enjoyable time.

—Word was received by Mrs. John Bender, of the Cambria House on Tuesday that Mr. Charles Burns, her daughter's husband residing in Altoona, was stricken down with typhoid fever.

—The Ebensburg cornet band will hold a festival at the Opera House on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week. Every body is invited and we hope the band boys may be liberally patronized.

—The vicinity of Mammoth, Westmoreland county, was visited by a snow storm shortly after daylight Thursday morning of last week. The white flakes fell until the ground was completely covered.

—During a thunder storm last week lightning struck and killed a heifer belonging to Mr. Joseph C. Noel, of Clearfield township. The heifer was within fifty feet of Mr. Noel's barn at the time she was struck.

—Mr. Patrick Doran, the well-known Pennsylvania railroad engineer of East Liberty, and William Reardon, Esq., the celebrated criminal lawyer of Pittsburg, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

—There has been no outbreak in the State coke oven regions, but trouble is feared at the Standard and Morewood ovens in Westmoreland county, and the sheriff has sworn in armed deputies for duty at the works.

—Mr. Gen. W. Williams, of Cambria township, who has been lying seriously ill with typhoid fever for the past two weeks, is slowly recovering. Mr. Williams was one of the many sufferers by the Johnstown flood, having lost besides a sum of money, many valuable books, clothing, etc.

—Wednesday evening of last week at Hallsville Intersection, a little two-year-old child of John Anderson, a section hand on the P. R. R. at that place, was instantly killed. The little thing strayed away from home and got on the railroad, where it was playing when Way Passenger came along and killed it.

—A fatal disease has broken out among the cattle in several localities in Westmoreland county and they are dying at an alarming extent. It is known among veterinary surgeons as splenic, or Texas fever. Samuel Pool, of New Stanton, has lost eight head of valuable cows and Weible Brothers lost four or five.

—As no money can be appropriated from the relief fund for the schools, the Johnstown School Board has concluded to appeal to all the schools in State for assistance. As there are 2,200 school districts in the State, a donation of $10 from each would be sufficient to keep the schools in operation there during the year.

—Noah, a six-year-old son of John Colbert, of Friendsville, was playing on the railroad last Thursday when the local freight went north. The child was knocked down between the rails and two cars passed over him. He was slightly injured about the head. He will recover. It is wonderful how the boy escaped instant death. *Coalport Standard.*

—A grand picnic will be held at the grove at Ashville, on Saturday, August 31st for the benefit of the Catholic church at that place. Every preparation has been made to make this one of the most enjoyable affairs of the season, and those who attend will be certain to have a good time. A first class orchestra has been secured and a fine dancing platform erected. Everybody invited.

—George Kinkead is night clerk at Maple Park Springs.

—Mr. J. B. Stalb, of Susquehanna township, spent a few hours in town on Thursday.

—Judge Harry White, of Indiana, Pa., arrived on Thursday and will hold an argument court on Friday.

—Mr. Michael McMorris, a well-known citizen of Gallitzin, is said to very ill with no hopes for his recovery.

—Hon. Daniel McLaughlin has purchased the bakery and confectionary business of Mr. S. H. Dunkle, and is now in possession of the same.—*Gallitzin Vindicator.*

—Tuesday afternoon while Frank Roberts, of Ligonier, Westmoreland county, was crossing over the Loyalhanna, with a steam thresher, the bridge gave way and the engine and thresher were thrown into the creek and badly wrecked, while Roberts had an arm broken and was seriously cut about the head and badly bruised on other portions of the body.

—The Loretto Normal School will hold its entertainment in the hall of St. Francis' College on Saturday evening, Aug. 24th. The exercises will consist of recitations, declamations, plays, music, miscellaneous exercises, etc., etc. No pains will be spared to make it of the most entertaining character. Doors open 7:15 P. M. Admittance, 25 cents; children, 15 cents. Reserved seats, 35 cents.

—Chief of Police Harris, of Johnstown, found in a pawnbroker's shop in Wilkes-Barre, on Saturday, a diamond ring valued at $500, which had belonged to Mrs. Patalin, a wealthy lady who was boarding at the Hulbert House, Johnstown. Mrs. Patalin's body was found a few days after the flood, with the finger upon which she had worn the ring severed from the body. Chief Harris traced the thief and has had him arrested. His name is Zundel.

—The Johnstown *Tribune* relates a funny incident of the great flood: A saloon-keeper, who, with his colored bartender, had taken refuge on the roof of a building, was so impressed with the awfulness of the situation that he appealed to his bartender to pray for both, as he (the saloon-keeper) did not know how to pray. The bartender prayed, "Oh Lord, if you ever saved a nigger and a Dutchman, save us now." They were saved.

—The first Monday of September in each year shall be made a holiday in Pennsylvania to be known as Labor holiday, by an act approved April 25, 1889. It provides that "It shall be lawful to require payment of all notes, checks and bills of exchange due and payable on such holiday to be made on the secular day previous thereto, and in default of such payment the same may be protested and such protest shall be as valid as if made on the day on which note, check or bill became due by its own terms.

—One of our exchanges speaks of a millinary store kept by an estimable young lady and said that the editor was gratified to see her stocking up. The editor says he was never so astonished in his born days as he was after the paper came out, to meet the millinery lady and have her strike him across the brow with an umbrella, and tell him he was a liar, and that she would tell his wife. He didn't know what she was mad at, and he read the item over a hundred times to see if there was anything spiteful in it.

—The Johnstown *Tribune* says that on Friday while workmen were cleaning out the cellar of the former residence of B. F. Hoffman, the backman, corner of Vine and Market streets, they unearthed a lot of gold coin, which, when gathered up by Harry Hoffman, one of the sons, who happened to be present, was found to amount to $1,020, mostly in twenty-dollar pieces. Mr. Hoffman had the money in a box in the house when the flood came, but it was nearly all out of the box and pretty well scattered when found.

—If any of our readers are in need of artistic and substantial cemetery work, made from the best qualities of marble and granite, they will do well to call on J. Wilkinson & Son, marble and granite dealers in this place, where they will find a nice stock to select from, or send them word and they will visit you with a large selection of new and original designs, they guarantee all their work and if their work is not as represented they will not ask you to take it, they are prepared to fill all orders at home and abroad at prices that defy competition. Give them a trial. A 5 6m.

—The Hollidaysburg *Standard* says, complaint comes from the rural districts that the early potatoes after being dug from the ground become affected with rot in a few days, and that the destruction is rapid and alarming. The trouble is attributed to the long protracted wet spell. If air slacked lime be sprinkled over the tuber after they are taken from the ground the decay will be prevented. In putting away potatoes for winter use slacked lime should be profusely intermingled with and rot will not make its appearance. There is a gentleman in this town who has followed this practice for more than twenty five years and he has never had rotten potatoes.

—On Tuesday evening an unknown man received injuries which resulted in his death a short while afterwards on the Pennsylvania railroad at South Fork station on the western slope of the Alleghenies. He was endeavoring to board an east bound freight train when he missed his footing and his left leg was caught by the wheel throwing him to the ground. The injuries were of such a nature as to lead to his death twenty-five minutes after the accident. So far as can be learned the man was a resident of Ben's Creek and was completeing his education in order to qualify as a mine boss. Since the above was in type we learn that the man's name was Thomas Barker.

—The dead body of John Wharton, an old and respected citizen of Clearfield township, was found in the dam above the bridge at Ashville on Tuesday morning. His horse and wagon were first noticed standing in the water, and on closer inspection it was discovered that Mr. Wharton's lifeless body was holding on to the bridle of the horse. It is supposed that Mr. Wharton drove into the stream to water his horse and forgetting to loosen the bridle rein before driving in, ventured into the water for that purpose and was overcome by paralysis. The horse had his nose above the water and was rescued. Mr. Wharton was about 70 years of age and leaves a wife and several sons and daughters, all of whom are grown up.

—McDonald is selling goods at rock bottom prices at both his stores (Loretto and Cresson) for spot cash or trade or to prompt paying customers, as follows: Sugars, 7, 8, 9 and 10 cents per pound; teas, 35, 50 and 70 cents per pound; Coffees, 20 to 25 cents per pound; 5 boxes of essence of coffee, 10 cents; 5 papers baking soda, 10 cents; 2 boxes of baking powder, 10 cents; 2 boxes of yeast, 10 cents, 4 pounds of rice, 25 cents; 4 pounds of prunes, 25 cents; 4 pounds of dried apples, 25 cents; 3 pounds of dried peaches, 25 cents; 3 pounds barley, 25 cents; 5 pounds of oat meal, 25 cents; 6 pounds of rolled oats, 25 cents; 6 pounds of hominy, 25 cents; 3 cans of corn, 25 cents; 3 cans of tomatoes, 25 cents 3 pounds of starch, 25 cents; 6 pieces of soap, 25 cents; 2 pounds of star candles, 25 cents; 1000 matches, 10 cents; 2 brooms, 25 cents; 2 wash boards, 25 cents; good syrup 40 cents per gallon; pure vinegar 25 cents per gallon; flour, meat, dry goods, notions, hats, caps, boots and shoes at equally low prices. We always pay the highest prices for all kinds of country produce,

Items from Carrolltown.

CARROLLTOWN, PA., AUG. 21, 1889.

DEAR FREEMAN.—It is an old proverb that when the wind blows over the oats stubbles look out for the chilly blasts of autumn. We have been experiencing some pretty cool nights of late and soon, too soon, alas for some who will not be prepared, the cold winter season will be here, and the miseries of the indigent commence. In this throng little town the miseries of the poor, as yet, are unknown, as all our citizens are industrious and economical, like ants all look forward to future provision for prospective want, and, consequently actual want as yet has been unknown amongst us.

Our town was enlivened by the advent of an entertainment on Saturday last styled "Uncle Tom's Cabin." It was largely attended and pronounced by the audience to be good and enjoyable. Carrolltown is becoming an appreciative show town.

There was a trotting match on the fair ground on Monday last between Frank Platt's black mare and Mark Adams' bay horse. The black took two heats in succession and was declared the winner. Mr. Platt is from Gallitzin, Mr. Adams the Summit. There was a harvest home picnic in progress on the ground at the same time and quite a crowd of people present. Among whom we recognized the familiar faces of John J. Kinny, Esq., and Dr. Troxel, of Gallitzin, and C. F. O'Donnell, of Loretto, and many others.

Harry Kinkead, Ed. James and other prominent Republicans visited our town on Sunday last, interviewing the shaky Democrats who were foolish enough to be gulled by Harry when he used to measure lumber and talk politics and pave the way for his own personal agrandizement. We hope that no true Democrat will allow himself to be led away with pitiful appeals and empty promises. Democrats you will have enough good men to run the business of the county in your own party, and enough to choose from in your coming primaries. Stand by your own colors, do not desert your own standard for the enemy will not give you credit, but, on the contrary, will have but a mean opinion of you and your fellows an utter disgust.

The Rev. Anthony Wirtner O. S. B., long the active, beloved and respected pastor of St. Bonifacious' church, Elder township, this county, has been ordered to Allegheny City, Pa., and Rev. Father Anselm has been ordered to fill the place. Rev. Anthony is a son of our respected townsman Benjamin Wirtner, Esq. The citizens of St. Bonifacious loses one of their best friends in the departure of Father Anthony, as he was an active and energetic priest.

The wedding bells called to the matrimonial altar this morning Mr. B. A. Zolner and Miss Tena Bearer, who have taken upon themselves the matrimonial yoke. The wedding will be largely attended, cards being out for over two hundred guests. Bloss and Tena may you be happy is the wish of your friend, the writer.

"White Apron" Charlie, formerly of your place, tarried over Sunday with us. Charlie hails from Gallitzin at present.

As note worthy news in this place is scarce we must bring this scrawl to a close.

AMICUS.

Barr and Blacklick Clippings.

AUGUST 17th, 1889.

DEAR FREEMAN:—As there are a great many readers of the FREEMAN in this neighborhood I will send you a few items of news from this locality.

Harvest is now over and on looking over the crops we find that wheat is a failure, oats is pretty fair and hay abundant, filling empty mows to overflowing. Potatoes are rotting and the apple crop a total failure.

Measles are raging among the little folks and few families will escape them.

Mr. Frank Marsh, who has been quite ill for some time, is improving and we hope will soon be able to visit his many friends.

Mr. Thomas Edwards bought a new self binder and last week tried it. We hope it worked well. Mr. Edwards cut over one hundred tons of hay this harvest.

Mr. Henry Duman and Joseph Miller, of Barr township, cut eight acres of heavy, rank oats last Saturday. It was a big days' work.

Mr. Andrew Dunman, of Blacklick township, our enterprising carpenter, is about finishing his third barn for this summer.

Mr. Samuel Long built a fine frame barn for Charles Farabaugh this summer.

Mr. John Reddinger, who recently moved his steam saw-mill on to the Springer tract in Blacklick township, has it now in operation.

One day last week while John Reddinger was threshing with his steam seperator for John Stiles in Indiana county, in the open air, the straw caught fire and the machine was saved with much difficulty. A lot of straw, 300 bushels of rye and a lot of wheat were burned up before the flames were got under control.

Mr. Joseph Priser, of Barr township is busy hauling lumber to Ebensburg for the lumber firm of Williams & Roberts.

Mr. Casper Smith, of Barr township, is building a fine new dwelling house and will soon have it completed.

Miss Annie Rager, of Omaha, Neb., is visiting friends at Nicktown.

Mr. Frederick Lambourn, of New York, is also visiting his old home at Nicktown.

Mr. Peter Buland has completed a large bark job he had at Hastings and returned home.

Mr. Leo Miller, who has been working at Johnstown ever since the flood, returned home last week. Youre truly,

SCRIBBLER.

The South Fork Dam.

The general impression that the South Fork Dam would never be rebuilt appears to be erroneous, as there is a strong probability that a fishing lake will again be established in that locality. A manager of the fishing club of that name said on Monday that the belief that South Fork had been abandoned as a club resort was a mistake. The club, he said, could not afford to lose all the money it had invested in real estate in that locality.

The property was worth fully $200,000, and if the fishing resort was not re-established the whole investment would become almost a dead loss. The intention, however, was not to build a dam of the size of the one destroyed, but one which would make the lake much less in size, so that in the event of the barrier again giving way no destruction to life and property would follow.

No move in that direction will be made until after the damage suit now pending against the stockholders is settled either by being paid or compromised. The object is to establish a fair-sized pond capable of holding a good stock of fish.—*Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold at the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

—WE have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Headache, in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, August 21, 1889:

Charles Scalley and Gussie McGarry, Conemaugh.

Abraham Williams and Emma Haterbein, Johnstown.

Andrew Olson and Sophia Peterson, Gallitzin.

Blazius Zolner and Christina Bearer, Carrolltown.

P. M. McGeary and Hattie Leslie, Morrellville.

Leander Reynolds and Margaret Cook, South Fork.

James P. Conley and Mary Kirby, Wilmore.

John Fox, Fayette county, Pa., and Mary Ann Lester, Johnstown.

Chas. A. Mitchell and Irene Findley, Johnstown.

William E. Lewis and Lizzie Launders, Grubbtown.

Samuel F. Wagner, Coopersdale and Jennie Bennett, Morrellville.

Ambrose Jenkins, West Taylor and Emma McCoy, Coopersdale.

MARRIED.

CONLEY—KIRBY—Married at St. Bartholomew's church, Wilmore, on Tuesday, August 20th, 1889, by Rev. Father McHugh, Mr. James Conley and Mary Kirby, eldest daughter of Mrs. P. F. Kirby, all of Wilmore.

ZOLNER—BEARER—Married at St. Benedict's church in Carrolltown on Wednesday, August 21st, 1889 by Rev. Father Edwin, Mr. B. A. Zolner, of Carrolltown and Miss Tenie Bearer, of Carroll township.

The groom in the above mentioned ceremony is one of Carrolltown's most industrious and energetic business men, whose character in the past gives every promise to the fair bride of a faithful and loving husband. The bride, who is the second daughter of Mr. Joseph Bearer, of Carroll township, is in every way well fitted to adorn and grace the domestic circle and be the one bright gem and guiding star in a happy and contented home; affectionate and accomplished, she will perform her duties in all the variations of life and be a true help meet to her husband. We acknowledge the receipt of a kind invitation to ourself and better half to be present at the ceremony, but owing to the multitudinous duties that devolve upon us, we were compelled at the last moment to give up the pleasure of being present at their nuptials. We, however, unite with their many friends in wishing the young couple all the joys and as few of the sorrows during their life journey together as fall to the lot of mortals, and that they may both live to a good old age in the love and enjoyment of the companionship of each other.

Hay Fever and Rose Cold

Are attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes. Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy that can be depended upon. 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. Ely Brothers, Druggists, 56 Warren St., New York.

Court Proceedings.

Court met on Monday with Judge Johnston on the bench. As all the cases on the list were certified to be tried by another judge and Judge First had not arrived, after hearing a number of motions and petitions Court adjourned until Tuesday morning. On Tuesday morning Court called with Judge Furst presiding. The following cases were disposed of as follows:

James Doran et. al. vs. W. H. Piper & Co. Ejectment. Continued.

Cambria Iron Co. vs. J. T. Christy et. al. Ejectment. Continued.

Edward McGlade vs. E. S. Lytle et. al. Ejectment. Jury find for the defendant.

John P. Parrish et. ux. vs. Peter McGough et. al. Ejectment.

LEGAL NOTICE.

David Sharp vs. Mary Jane Sharp, } In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria Co. No. 2 June Term, 1889. Libel in Divorce.

Having been appointed commissioner to take and report the evidence to the Court in the above entitled action, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on Friday the 30th day of August, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., to discharge the duties of said appointment when and where all persons interested may attend. DONALD E. DUFTON,

Ebensburg, Aug. 9, 1889. Commissioner.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

BEATS the World. It is the Best

HARNESS DRESSING

The BEST for Men's Boots

" " " Ladies' "

" " " Children's "

ABSOLUTELY WATERPROOF.

SOFTENS and PRESERVES the Leather

Once a week for men's boots and once a month for women's is ample for perfect results. It makes the handsomest and most durable polish you ever saw. You don't have to groan and sweat with a blacking brush. Be wise and try it. Because your grandfather worked hard is no reason you should not, ignore yourself this worse than useless labor.

Sold by Grocers, Druggists, and Shoe Dealers.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

Notice to Tax Payers.

NOTICE is hereby given that the County Treasurer of Cambria county will attend, for the purpose of receiving County and State taxes assessed for the year 1889, at the places of holding elections in the respective districts, on the dates mentioned below:

South Fork	July 22d.
Croyle township	July 23d.
Wilmore	July 24th.
Summerhill township	July 25th.
Portage	July 26th.
Lilly and Washington township, No. 1	July 27th.
Munster township	July 29th.
Gallitzin borough	July 30th.
Washington township No. 2	July 31st.
Munster township	August 1st.
Gallitzin township	August 2d.
Ashville	August 3d.
Chest Springs	August 5th.
Allegheny township	August 6th.
Loretto	August 7th.
Blacklick township	August 8th.
Jackson township	August 9th.
Cambria township	August 10th.
Barr township	August 12th.
Susquehanna township	August 13th.
Elder township	August 14th.
Carrolltown	August 15th.
Carroll township	August 16th.
Clearfield township	August 19th.
Dean township	August 20th.
Reade township	August 21st.
White township	August 22d.
Chest township	August 23d.
Ebensburg East ward	August 26th.
Ebensburg West ward	August 27th.
East Conemaugh	July 22d.
Franklin	July 23d.
Woodvale	July 24th.
Conemaugh 1st ward	July 25th.
Conemaugh 2d ward	July 26th.
Johnstown 1st ward	July 29th.
" 2d ward	July 30th.
" 3d ward	July 31st.
" 4th ward	August 1st.
" 5th ward	August 2d.
" 6th ward	August 5th.
" 7th ward	August 6th.
Millville 1st ward	August 7th.
Millville 2d ward	August 8th.
Coopersdale	August 9th.
Cambria 1st ward	August 12th.
Cambria 2d ward	August 13th.
Prospect	August 14th.
Grubbtown	August 15th.
Upper Yoder township	August 16th.
East Taylor township	August 19th.
West Taylor township	August 20th.
Conemaugh township	August 21st.
Stonycreek township	August 22d.
Lower Yoder township	August 23d.
Adams township	August 26th.
Richland township	August 27th.

A discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed on all taxes paid on or before September 1st, and after October 1st 5 per cent. will be added on all unpaid.

THOS. E. HOWE, Treasurer.

June 14th, 1889-tf.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test short weight, alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., NEW YORK.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF CAMBRIA COUNTY. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for the office of Register and Recorder at the ensuing Democratic Primary.

CELESTINE J. BLAIR.

Ebensburg, March 20, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

E. J. O'CONNOR, of Johnstown, Penn'a. Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election.

Ebensburg, Pa., May 2, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

DONALD E. DUFTON.

Ebensburg, April 29, 1889.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY

James M. Walters of Johnstown, Pa. Subject to the decision of the Democratic Primaries.

Ebensburg March 15, 1889.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

To the Democratic voters of Cambria county. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic primaries.

JAMES C. DARBY.

Conemaugh Bor., First ward, March 25, 1889.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

To the Democratic voters of Cambria county, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the action of the ensuing Democratic Primary election.

GEORGE C. MILLER.

Conemaugh Bor., May 10, 1889.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.

The name of Rauhiel Hite of Carroll township is announced as a candidate for the nomination for Poor Director subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

Ebensburg, May 8, 1889.

TAKE NOTICE.—The Ebensburg Woolen Mill is prepared to do all kinds of country work, roll carding, spinning and coloring done on short notice.

Ebensburg, June 14, 1889.—3m.

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Strayed away from the residence of the subscriber at Glen White on the 19th ult. a small red cow 5 years old, with small horns, slit in each ear, and wearing round brass bell. A suitable reward will be paid for information as to her whereabouts. JOHN GORMAN.

Kittanning Point, Pa., Aug. 2, 1889.-3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Having been appointed executor of the last will and testament of Philip Warner, Sr., late of Washington township, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SHARBAUGH,

Washington Twp., Aug. 23, 1889.-6t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Estate of Hezekiah Rager, deceased. Letters testamentary on the estate of Hezkiah Rager, late of Jackson township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to

DANIEL SHUMAN,
MRS. MARTHA RAGER,
Executors.

Jackson Twp., Aug. 16, 1889.-6t.

EXECUTRIX' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Michael L. Driskel, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to

AMANDA DRISKEL,
Executrix of Michael L. Driskel, dec'd.

Loretto, July 26, 1889.-6t.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said Court on the first Monday of September, 1889, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

First and final account of John Bender, assignee of Susan and Charles A. McMullen.

Third and final account of John Lloyd and John A. Blair, assignees of N. J. Freidhoff et ux.

H. A. SHOEMAKER,
Ebensburg, Aug. 5, 1889. Prothy.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Having been appointed executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Z. Nagle, late of Allegheny township, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to me and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SILAS NAGLE, Executor,
Allegheny Twp., July 12, 1889.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.—Estate of Redmond Mellon, deceased. Letters testimentary on the estate of Redmond Mellon, late of Chest Springs, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to

BRIDGET MELLON,
Executrix of Redmond Mellon, dec'd.

Chest Springs, July 26, 1889.-6t.

FARM FOR SALE—There will be disposed of at private sale, a farm situate in Allegheny township, one-fourth mile from Loretto, on the road leading from said place to Ebensburg. This farm contains about 80 acres, about 60 acres of which are cleared, having thereon a new two-story frame house and barn, fine orchard, etc., and is in a good state of cultivation and well watered. For further particulars address

FRANCIS O'FRIEL,
Loretto, Feb. 1, 1889. Loretto, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration cum testamento annexo on the estate of Richard Mayers, late of Summerhill township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to

HENRY M. HUGH,
Adm'r of Richard Mayers, dec'd.

TRIAL LIST.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1889.

SECOND WEEK.

Boring	vs. Boring.
Tallman	vs. Dwelling House Ins. Co
Eason	vs. Falber.
Carney	vs. McGlade.
McCloskey	vs. Gillespie.
Chapin	vs. Cambria Iron Co.
Gallagher	vs. Flynn.
Mangold	vs. Huber.
Notley	vs. Weakland et. al.
Com'th for use	vs. Will.
Van Ormer	vs. Gates.
Young	vs. Johnston S. S. R. W. Co
Eger	vs. Burgoon.
McLaughlin	vs. Rourke.
Miskin	vs. Shank.
Shoemaker	vs. Carroll.

H. A. SHOEMAKER,
Ebensburg, Aug. 5, 1889. Proth'y.

TRIAL LIST.

SPECIAL COURT 4TH MONDAY IN AUGUST.

Christy	vs. Mitchell et al.
McGarraghy	vs. Benn.
Buck	vs. Christy.
Weaver	vs. Brenner.
Kinports	vs. Haskins.
Stiles	vs. Burnett.
Martin	vs. Baker.
Shucker & Co.	vs. Lemley.
Nutley & Harper	vs. Fiske.

H. A. SHOEMAKER,
Ebensburg, July 26, 1889. Proth'y.

ESSENTIAL OILS,

WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMENT, PENNYROYAL, SPEARMINT, &C.

of prime quality, bought in any quantity for cash on delivery, free brokerage, commission, storage, &c., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

Importers and Exporters, 82 William St., N. Y.

Aug. 23, '89.-6m.

WE DO NOT PLEDGE

Ourselves to keep abreast, but to keep ahead of all others in selling you

PURE, ABSOLUTELY PURE AND WELL MATURED, RIPE WHISKIES AND WINES

At prices that make all other dealers hustle. Just think of it:

Overholts & Co.'s Pure Rye, five years old. Full quarts $1.00, or $10.80 per dozen.

Still better!

Finch's Golden Wedding, ten years old. Full quarts $1.25 or $12.00 per dozen.

Better still!

Kentucky Bourbon, ten years old. Full quarts $1.25, or $12.00 per dozen.

And one of the most valuable Whiskies on our list is

The Pure Eight Year Old Export Rockenheimer. Full quarts $1.00, or $10 per dozen.

There is no Whisky that has ever been sold that has grown in favor with the public so rapidly as our old Export, and the simple reason is that it is utterly impossible to duplicate it.

There will never be any let up in the purity and fine flavor in any particular of the Pure California Wines we are now selling at 50 cents per bottle. Full quarts, or $5.00 per dozen.

In making up your orders please enclose P. O. Money Order or Draft, or Register your order.

JOSEPH FLEMING & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

PITTSBURG, PA.

412 MARKET ST. Cor. of the Diamond.

Jan. 25, 1889.—1yr.

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.

ESTABLISHED 1872. Johnston, Buck & Co. BANKERS. Ebensburg, Penn'a. A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888. Carrolltown Bank, Carrolltown, Pa. T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of a general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,

JOHNSTON BUCK & CO.

JOHN A. BLAIR. JOHN T. BLAIR.

BLAIR & SON'S

DAILY MEAT MARKET,

Centre Street, Ebensburg, Pa.

The Best Western Cattle Butchered every day. Also: Fresh Lamb, Veal, Mutton, Lard, Etc., always on hand.

Market open at all hours and attentive and obliging salesmen to attend to the wants of customers.

The Only Complete Book Published. Now Ready.

AMERICAN FISHES.

A popular treatise upon the game and Food Fishes of North America, with especial reference to habits and methods of capture, by G. Brown Goode, U. S. Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries. With numerous illustrations and a magnificent frontispiece plate of a brook trout in nine colors. The work is published in one volume, Royal Octavo. Over 800 pages, from new plates, on handsome paper, and elegantly bound. Sent free on receipt of price, $5.50.

FAULKNER & ALLAN,

1713 Chestnut St., Phil'a, Pa.

Ebensburg, July 19, '89.-4t.

CURRY BUSINESS COLLEGE

—OF—

CURRY UNIVERSITY,

SIXTH STREET PITTSBURGH, PA

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Aug. 16, '89. 3m.

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DONALD E. DUFTON,

ATTORNEY

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

An electric spark—making love by telegraph.

Baltimore reports the oyster crop as very good.

The chambermaid of an apartment hotel is a suite thing.

Every fat has a theory on how to dispose of the surplus.

When a grain field has got about all it can hold it is ready for some mower.

Depositor—Is the cashier about?

Bank President—Yes, about half way to Canada.

Queen Victoria is said to have been the dowdiest dressed woman at the royal wedding.

Tolstoi, the author, has given up smoking and finds that he has lost his literary inspiration.

Everybody dislikes the dentist—at least they show their teeth whenever they go into his office.

Charlie Mitchell has gone back to England. Thus we get rid of at least one English "sparrer."

Salt Lake City has a mule that can count. No one ever heard of a mule multiplying, however.

Difference between a ship and a street sprinkler—one walks the water and the other waters the walk.

Flattery merely consists of having one's secret opinion of one's self expressed in the language of others.

Double kneed stockings are made for children, and where there are twins there is double need of them.

A sweet potato trust was incorporated in Baltimore under the name of the Sweet Potato Supply company.

The world may owe you a living, young man, but the account cannot be turned over to an attorney for collection.

One would naturally suppose that a boiler has to be hot before it can raise steam, but the fact is it has to be coaled.

A man may not be afraid of danger, but he looks down in the mouth when he prepares to descend into a mine.

Lobster Newburg.

Cut the meat of a four pound-lobster into thin slices or small pieces. Melt four tablespoonfuls butter. When hot add the lobster. Cook slowly five minutes, then add two teaspoonfuls salt, one saltspoonful pepper, two tablespoonfuls sherry, and two of brandy, and a slight grating of nutmeg; then add one cup cream and the beaten yolks of four eggs. Stir until it has thickened slightly. Serve with toast points.

The lobster is sometimes served whole and is known as lobster souffle with sauce a la Newburg. It is nicer, however, if cut up.

First take off the small claws, then the large ones.

In the head of the lobster is "lady," so called. Put the thumb on the part that seems to have been made for it. Press down firmly.

Shake out the good meat and the "lady" will be left standing up.

Throw away the "lady" and take out the lungs.

Break the bones of the tail and take out the meat. The bones may be broken with the finger and thumb or with a hammer.

Of course you make it very nice with out the brandy and sherry, but these give it a peculiar taste, which is generally liked.

In place of toast points, points of puff or chopped paste may be used.

The points are arranged, around the sides of the dish and the lobster poured into the centre.

It has a pretty adpearance, and tastes as well as it looks.

The Strawberry Tree.

The strawberry tree is a native of the south of Europe. Palestine and the far-famed Lakes of Killarney, in Ireland, where the country people eat the fruit which is not unlike a ripe strawberry; and hence, its English name. The generic name, arbutus, is derived from the Celtic words ar bois, austere bush, in allusion to the quality of the fruit. Its foliage is evergreen, and, where the winter permits, forms, a beautiful low-growing tree of from ten to twenty feet high, flowering from September to December, at which time the fruit of the previous year is also ripe. In our Southern States if forms a rich, hardy evergreen. In the North, it can only be grown as a conservatory plant, but is very charming, even when not in flower.

There are members of the family of arbutus, natives of the western coast of North America, notably A. andrachne and tomentosa. Our common bearberries were once classed with the arbutus. The trailing arbutus, so delightful to all New Englanders under the name of May flower, is Epigœa repens. The curious botanical name in this instance is derived from the Greek epi, upon, and gaia, the earth; the plant creeps upon the earth. Years back, Mr. L. Menand, a noted florist, of Albany, N. Y., used to grow splendid specimens of arbutus in his greenhouses in the form of standards with fine heads of foliage that he used to value at a hundred dollars apiece.

Disbudding Horns.

The horns of young calves may be prevented from growing by the easy operation of removing the germ of the horn. The skin is cut and the flap raised to expose the small nub of the horn, which is removed with a small sharp gouge or a knife at its junction with the bone of the skull. There is no union as there is afterward when the horn grows to and from the skull, and the nub may be wholly removed. When this is done the skin is laid back, and the wound smeared with tar, and heals very quickly. The horn is thus destroyed.

The Bites of Insects.

Just now, when warm summer weather entails a small plague of flies and insects, it is well to remember that the prompt application of an alkali to the bitten part allays the irritation, and, commonly, at once relieves the suffering consequent on a class of injuries, which though small, are often exceedingly annoying, and even troublesome, especially in the case of children and persons with sensative skins. Soda and ammonia will answer the purpose.

KASKINE
THE NEW QUININE.

GIVES GOOD APPETITE STRENGTH, QUIET NERVES, HAPPY DAYS, SWEET SLEEP.

A POWERFUL TONIC,
that the most delicate stomach will bear.
A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
and all Germ Diseases.

The most scientific and successful Blood Purifier. Superior to quinine.

Mr. John C. Scarborough, Selma, N. C., writes: "I got malaria in the Southern army and for a dozen years suffered from its debilitating effects. I was terribly run down when I heard of Kaskine, the new quinine. It helped me at once. I gained 35 pounds. Have not had such good health in 20 years."

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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Corn, Bone and Phosphate
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THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
OVER 20,000 NOW IN USE.
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No Horse will die of COLIC, HOVE or LUNG FEVER, if Foutz's Powders are used in time.
Foutz's Powders will cure and prevent HOG CHOLERA.
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Foutz's Powders will increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent., and make the butter firm and sweet.
Foutz's Powders will cure or prevent almost EVERY DISEASE to which Horses and Cattle are subject.
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ALL KINDS of HARNESS,
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COLLARS, HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,
Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., at... Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.
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History of Footwear.

Who would suppose that the common common use of shoes and all kinds of foot coverings was of a much later date that the carrying of scent bottles? No one, I am sure; and yet the people of certain European countries, long after they had learned to clothe their bodies in an elaborate and costly fashion, were in the habit of going bare-footed. This was the custom even so late as the sixteenth century, and in the fourteenth warriors equipped in full armor rode about without without any covering on either feet or legs below the knees. This would seem still more strange than it does did one not recollect that even in this enlightened day the Scots, who would scorn any suggestion of barbarism, still cling to their national dress, which leaves knees wholly uncovered, despite the cold climate. The earliest records bear witness, however, that Moses and Aaron were commanded to take the shoes from off their feet before entering the temple, and in Egypt at that time the rich and great wore sandals encrusted with precious stones, of which the soles were made of gold. On the bottom were engraved the names of such people as had been conquered by the owners, if they happened to be of the conquering sex. Sandals with points elongated and turned up were the exclusive property of royality.

Some of the early Asiatic nations covered their feet with the skins of animals in a fashion closely resembling that of to day. Pliny describes the house sandals of the Greek and Roman women as woven of threads of precious metal, thickly strung with pearls. But those worn out of doors were invariably made of undressed leather, slit in places, through which a piece of leather passed and fastened the saudal to the foot. These were introduced into England, where as early as the ninth century, well-shaped, tight-fitting black leather shoes were made. Since then, of course, the fashion and style of boots and shoes has changed, as is true of every other article of apparel, but the general use of black leather has prevailed over every other thing.

Hints on Handling Bees.

Just before swarming bees fill themselves with honey, which supports them in their new home until they get work again. This is an exceedingly fortunate thing for the beekeeper, as it makes them much more kindly and easily handled than they would otherwise be. With bees, as with men, they are best natured when on full stomachs. In the colder portions of the country protecting the hives is necessary, either by placing them in cellars or packing in chaff; in milder sections and in the south they will pass the winter well on summer stands. In handling bees fearlessness is a wonderful protection. A person who fights them or tries to drive them is quite sure to be stung. Still, it must be admitted that there is something about persons that gives to a few immunity from bee sting that others cannot obtain.

The safest way for the average bee keeper is to protect one's self as well as possible by the dress. Use a smoker, and proceed as you would about any other work, taking care not to crush or injure a bee. Occasionally a colony will attack a horse that has been driven or led too near their stand. When this occurs they often exhibit a vindictiveness and perseverance that is not only wonderful, but dangerous. Horses that have been heated by driving and become sweaty are more obnoxious to them than the same animals would be when in their normal condition, grazing near the hive. There are so many things to be learned about bees that persons without experience in the business, who design keeping them, should buy one of the many books on the subject or subscribe for a good paper devoted to beekeeping.

Canton Silks.

The silks of Canton come entirely from the silk worms of the mulberry (Bomboz mori). The species ta-t'san and lunyue are raised principally in this province. The first corresponds to the variety known as annual; the second to the polyvolnines species. The ta-t'san or large worms, give a silk of beautiful texture and of great brilliancy. The lun-yue, from which seven consecutive harvests are made, does not produce a cocoon so fully supplied or silk so lustrous. The eggs are hatched in the beginning of February. The cocoons produced at this period are saved for production, and the first harvest does not begin till the second hatching. After the fourth moulting the silk worm, having become clear and transparent, is placed under frames with cells of bamboo to fill a cocoon. The greatest care is taken by silk growers in educating the silk-worm. They are occupied almost the whole year. The mulberry tree is also cultivated with great care. The trees are planted on plains in parallel rows at a distance of four or five feet of one another. They are generally young trees, trimmed each year, and renewed every five years. It takes at least twenty piculs of leaves to nourish an ounce and a half of silk worms from the day of hatching to the day of placing in the frames for the cocoons. It is estimated that 100 pounds of good cocoons give twenty pounds of silk.

Wear and Tear of a Railroader.

Railroad men improve in health during the first four years, but at the end of ten years they are tired out, in 15 they are actual sufferers, and very few can remain in the service after 20. Dr. Lichtedberg, of Buda Pesth, says that out of 250 railway employes 92, or more than a third, suffered from ear disease. Engine drivers are especially liable to rheumatism and pneumonia, and after some years' service, a certain proportion of them become dull of sight and hearing. Others suffer from a mild form of spinal concussion, muscular feebleness and continuous pains in the limbs. They are also apt to develop a peculiar mental state—a sort of cerebral irritation—with excessive nervousness and morbid sensations of fear.

HAVE not the cloak to make when it begins to rain.

THE SPRING MEDICINE YOU WANT
Paine's Celery Compound
Purifies the Blood,
Strengthens the Nerves,
Stimulates the Liver,
Regulates the Kidneys and Bowels,
Gives Life and Vigor to every organ.

There's nothing like it.
...t spring, being very much run down and ...ated, I procured some of Paine's Celery Compound. ... I felt like a new man. As a general tonic and spring medicine, I do not know its equal."
W. L. GRISWOLD,
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$1.00. Six for $5.00. At Druggists.

Use It Now!
"Having used your Paine's Celery Compound this spring, I can safely recommend it as the best I ever used, and at the same time most gentle regulator. It is a splendid nerve tonic, and since taking it I have felt like a new man."
H. E. KNORR, Watertown, Dakota.
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DIAMOND DYES Color Feathers and Ribbons, Easy! Elegant! Economical! | *LACTATED FOOD* Babies using it sleep well nights, ... Make Laughing.

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THE FINEST RUNABOUT WAGON IN THE MARKET FOR THE DEALER OR USER.
It is well made and finished from first-class Stock and fully warranted.
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The American Live-Stock Wagon.
For the Use of Butchers and Stockmen. Saves Time, Labor and Expense.
No danger to the animal you are conveying, or to your horses. The animal does not get heated up, but is ready to kill as soon as it reaches the slaughter-house, and your meat is sound and healthy when it is brought to the block.
Ask for Catalogue "B." For prices, terms and circulars, address
SHIPMAN BRADT & CO., DeKalb, Ills.

Pierce's The Original Pleasant Purgative LITTLE LIVER PELLETS.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.
Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As a **laxative, alterative, or purgative,** these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escapes their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD
is offered by the manufacturers of **Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy,** for a case of Chronic Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure.
SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood by physicians.
By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, **Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures** the worst cases of **Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza,** and **Catarrhal Headache.**
Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."
Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of Jersey, N. Y., writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting."
THOMAS J. RUSHING, Esq., *2262 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.,* writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.
ELI ROBBINS, *Rumson P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.,* says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

B. J. LYNCH,
UNDERTAKER,
And Manufacturer & Dealer in
HOME AND CITYMADE
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PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
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DON'T BUY YOUR ARCTICS UNTIL YOU HAVE SEEN THE **COLCHESTER ARCTIC** with "Outside Counter." Ahead of ALL others in style & durability. If you want the worth of your money try the Colchester with "OUTSIDE COUNTER."

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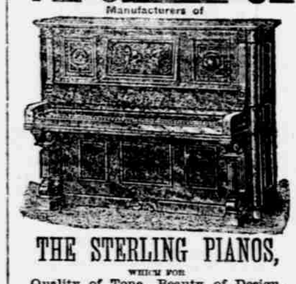
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WHICH FOR
Quality of Tone, Beauty of Design, FINISH and adaptability for standing in Tune have no equal.
Every Piano Warranted for Five Years
And satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser.
Also Manufacture the WORLD-RENOWNED
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Bodies Embalmed
WHEN REQUIRED.
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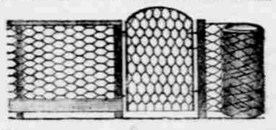

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April 5, 1880.—1yr.

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For the Sick Room.

Don't let stale flowers remain in a sick chamber.

Don't appear anxious, however great your anxiety.

Don't jar the bed by leaning or sitting upon it. This is unpleasant to one ill and nervous.

Don't ask a convalescent if he would like this or that to eat or drink, but prepare the delicacies and present them in a tempting way.

Don't neglect during the day to attend to necessaries for the night, that the rest of the patient and the family may not be disturbed.

Don't be unmindful of yourself if you are in the responsible position of nurse. To do faithful work you must have proper food and stated hours to rest.

Don't throw coal upon the fire; put it in brown paper bags and lay them on the fire, thus avoiding the noise which is shocking to the sick and sensitive.

Don't light a sick room at night by means of a jet of gas burning low; nothing impoverishes the air sooner. Use sperm candles or tapers that burn in sperm oil.

Don't allow currents of air to blow upon the patient. An open fire place is an excellent means of ventilation. The current may be tested by burning a piece of paper in the front.

Don't forget to have a few beans of coffee handy, for this serves as a deodorizer if burnt on coals or paper. Bits of charcoal placed around are useful in absorbing pases and other impurities.

Don't give the patient a full glass of water to drink from unless he is allowed all he desires. If he can drain the glass he will be satisied; so regulate the quantity before handing it to him.

Don't allow offensive matters to remain. In cases of emergency, where these cannot be at once removed, wring a heavy cloth, for instance, like Turkish toweling, out of cold water, use it as a coper, placing over this ordinary paper. Such means prevent the escape of odor or infection.

No Leap Year in 1900.

Although the year 1900 will be divisible by four without a remainder, in will not be leap year. Over ten years must elapse before the interesting event takes place, but it was just the same in 1800, but not in 1600, for that was a leap year and the year 2000 will be a leap year also. Why this should be is a problem. To explain in detail would be a tiresome task, but it rests on the principle that a difference of eleven minutes per day exists between actual time and calendar time. Thus a year is computed at 365¼ days, three years being 365 days long and the fourth year 366 days. In fact the year is 365 days, 5 hours and 45 minutes long, or eleven minuets short of 365¼ days. The leap year every four years is said to be the invention of Julius Cæsar. To allow for this difference of eleven minutes per day, one leap year was dropped every hundred years. But this was found not to be exact, and Pope Gregory XIII. in 1582, made an improvement and decreed that every fourth centurial year should be a leap year. Thus, by omitting the leap year for three centurial years and letting it remain as usual on the fourth centural year, a system is obtained so close that it would take thousands of years to make up another day's difference in time. The calendar time is still not exact matemathically, but as no change will be necessary for 4,000 years, it will not fail to the share of the present generation to correct the disredepency.

Wise Father.

An absent minded city man, used to paying five cent fares on the street cars, went on a short railroad journey. He took out five cents for his fare, instead of his dollar ticket, and sat looking out of the window, absorbed in thought, when the conductor came along, calling, "Tickets, please!"

Without turning his head, the passenger proffered his five cent piece.

"Ticket, sir!" said the conductor, sharply.

The passenger gazed at him blankly for an instant, then, recognizing his blunder, he muttered, "Ah, absent minded again!" and politely began fumbling his hat band for the receipt check which the conductor held ready to give him in return for the ticket, still untouched in his pocket.

But this man was not nearly so absent minded as the Bostonian who met his own son down town, took off his hat in response to the young man's greeting, passed on in abstraction, and said at his dinner table that night:

"A young fellow down on Milk street laughed at me to-day when I answered his bow, and for the life of me I can't think who it could have been, though his face did seem familiar."

Tanning by Electricity.

This talk about tanning leather in a few hours by electricity is all rubbish. You might as well try to fatten pigs by electricity. But leather can be tanned in a very short time, although a perfect article cannot be produced in less than five or six months. Some time ago a Buffalo (N. Y.) man asked me how long it would take me to tan a goat skin and make a pair of boots. I told him it could be done in twelve hours. He bet me $100 it couldn't be done. That night I went to a butcher and bought a goat. At six the next morn the goat was skinned, twenty minutes later I had the hair off the hide, colored and in the liquor. By noon it was dried, dressed, and dried again and glazed and ready for the bootmaker, who finished the boots by five o'clock in the evening. It cost the Buffalo man nearly $200 after the wine and extras were paid for. It was leather, but it wouldn't do to risk a reputation on its wearing qualities.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.
Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Sholoh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

Do You Chew?
Then get the BEST which is FINZER'S OLD HONESTY
Genuine has a RED H tin tag on every plug.
OLD HONESTY is acknowledged to be the purest and most lasting piece of Standard Chewing Tobacco on the market. Trying it is a better test than any talk about it. Give it a fair trial. Your dealer has it.
JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

GASTON, WESTON & LADD,
TORRINGTON, Conn., and
46 Beekman Street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS OF
GASTON'S PRESTOLINE, PRESTOLINE PASTE, SILVER COMPOUND, LILLIBRIDGE'S OLD ENGLISH POLISH.

Gaston's Prestoline,
THE
WONDERFUL METAL POLISH,
For Cleaning and Polishing
BRASS, COPPER, BRONZE, NICKEL, &c.
It will clean Metals with less labor than any preparation ever produced, giving a brilliant lustre which cannot be equaled, and which will last longer than any polish obtained by other means. Sold by the
HARDWARE AND GROCERY STORES.
CANVASSING AGENTS WANTED.

Dobbins' Electric Soap
THE BEST FAMILY SOAP IN THE WORLD.
It is Strictly Pure. Uniform in Quality.
THE original formula for which we paid $60,000 twenty years ago has never been modified or changed in the slightest. **This soap is identical in quality to-day with that made twenty years ago.**
It contains nothing that can injure the finest fabric. It brightens colors and bleaches whites.
It washes flannels and blankets as no other soap in the world does—without shrinking—leaving them soft and white and like new.
READ THIS TWICE
THERE is a great saving of time, of labor, of soap, of fuel, and of the fabric, where Dobbins' Electric Soap is used according to directions.
ONE trial will demonstrate its great merit. It will pay you to make that trial.
JUDGING by its many imitations, it is extensively imitated and counterfeited.
Beware of Imitations.
INSIST upon **Dobbins'** Electric. Don't take Magnetic, Electro-Magic, Philadelphia Electric, or any other fraud, simply because it is cheap. They will ruin clothes, and are dear at any price. Ask for
DOBBINS' ELECTRIC
and take no other. Nearly every grocer from Maine to Mexico keeps it in stock. If yours hasn't it, he will order from his nearest wholesale grocer.
READ carefully the inside wrapper around each bar, and be careful to **follow directions** on each outside wrapper. You **cannot afford** to wait longer before trying for yourself this old, reliable, and truly wonderful
Dobbins' Electric Soap.
I. L. CRACIN & CO.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

OUR
$1. A WEEK
Club System
while as convenient to the buyer as any instalment system, is a wholesale spot cash system to us. The co-operation of the club members sells us 25 watches in each
$38 Watch Club, and we get cash from the Club for each watch before it goes out, though each member only pays $1 a week. This is why we give you more for your money than any one else and why we are doing the largest watch business in the world. We sell only first quality goods, but our prices are about what others get for second quality. Our $10 Silver Watch is a substantial Silver (not imitation of any kind) Stem-Wind American Lever Watch—either hunting case or open. Our $25.00 Watch is a Stem-wind, Open Face, first quality, stiffened Gold American Lever Watch, guaranteed to wear 20 years. It is fully equal to any watch sold for $38 by others. We find a first-class Stiffened Gold Case much more satisfactory and serviceable than any Solid Gold Case that can be sold at less than double the money, as cheap solid cases are invariably thin, weak, of low quality, and worthless after short use. Our $38 Watch contains numerous important patented improvements, of vital importance to accurate timing—Patent Dustproof, Patent Stem Wind, &c., which we control exclusively. It is fully equable, accurate, of guaranteed durability and service, to any $75 Watch, either Open Face or Hunting. Our $43.00 Railroad Watch is especially constructed for the most exacting use, and is the best Railroad Watch made, Open Face or Hunting. All these prices are either all cash or in clubs, $1.00 a week. An Agate Watch Insulator given free with each Watch.
The Keystone Watch Club Co
Main Office in Co's Own Building
904 WALNUT ST. PHILADA. PA.
Agents Wanted.
Agate Watch Insulator, $1.00
A perfect protection against magnetism, and prolongs Watch. Send by mail on receipt of price. We refer to any Commercial Agency in the U. S.
904
WALNUT ST.
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We Sell DIRECT to FAMILIES
By avoiding Agents you save their large profits and profits which double the costs of every piece of furniture you buy. PIANOS, $175 to $1000. ORGANS, $25 to $600.
Send for trial in your own home before you buy. GUARANTEED SIX YEARS. Catalogues Free.
Marshall & Smith Piano Co., 205 E. 42nd St., N.Y.

The Attic.

There is not one house in ten that has an attic, and more than one-half of the houses that have one, there is no way to get into it. They are always a source of anxiety to the good house-wife, for she never knows when the house may catch fire in that very place, and no way to get to the fire to put it out. Even when she steps out for a few minutes' chat with her next door neighbor, the attic is seldom out of her mind.

She tells the children to be sure not to make a fire, in case the chimney should catch fire and she generally turns a pail of water into the stove before going away. There should be a way to get into the attic, no matter how small the attic is. It would not be very expensive to have a door made, and hung; or a trap door would be better than none. The housewife could then inspect it once a month.

Brush down all the dust and cob webs—there is nothing that catches fire so easy as cob webs and they will smoulder ever so long, and see that there is no defect in the chimney.

Once or twice a year it should be rubbed with a damp cloth. Take an old broom and tie a bloth over it and wash the walls, but do not have the broom too wet; it will clean it so it will not smell musty, as attics generally do. The chambers are thus made healthier and more pleasant to sleep in. The housewife will then go round with a smile of contentment on her face instead of the weary look of anxiety that was there before the door to the attic was made.

Some women will, when they have a large attic, have it full of things, such as the spinning-wheel, and swifts and a box of patch-work. Now this should not be done. Have nothing in the attic that can be avoided.

I will now tell you an excellent remedy for bugs, and that is common salt; put anywhere so they can eat it.

Iron as Fish Food.

An extraordinary "find in a fish" was made in the Market Hall by a fish-dealer named George Smith, who owns a stall there. Among the many consignments of fish which he received was a number of large conger eels sent from Skibereen, County Cork, Ireland. The conger is known to be a very vicious fish but one could scarcely believe that he would swallow two pounds nine ounces of iron. Yet such was the morsel found in the stomach of one of the eels. Mr. Smith was cutting up the fish when his knife encountered something hard, and on opening the stomach he found a large iron bolt, which had evidently been part of a ship's tackle.

The bolt is about a foot long, and at the end is a large ring, two inches and a half or three inches in diameter.

The bolt itself is as thick as an ordinary Malacca cane.

The eel weighed about two stone and was a yard and half long. His swallowing capacity may be judged from the fact that a good sized mackeral was also found in the stomach. The bolt is eaten away by rust, and is of a type decidedly out of date, so that it had probably lain on the bottom of the sea a long time before it was swallowed by the eel. The latter's stomach and back were considerably inflamed, and there is little reason to doubt that it would soon have died from indigestion. A curious feature of the case is that the fish was blind in one eye. Inspector Latham told our representative that many curious things were oftentimes found in the stomach of fish sent to the Market Hall, and instanced his remarks by stating that a short time back the arm of a child was discovered inside a large codfish. There may, after all, be truth in the old stories of missing rings and jewels being restored to the light through this agency.

Wearing Flannel.

There is no reason why you should remain thin or have cold feet and corns, as you complain of. I was that way myself once, but, as a cure, our old negro cook told me to wear flannel or woolen waistbands, that is to say cover my body from chest to hip with flannel or woolen next to the skin besides regular summer or winter clothing, and to keep the band on all the year round. I tried it some years ago, and at first I saw no change in my size or waist measurement, but suddenly I noticed that I could not button my waistband, and I moved the buttons. Before three months passed I moved the button-hole times. I still still wear the flannel, and you see the size of my girth. I am not at all uncomfortable, and I can truly say I have not been chilled through since I put on the band. The extra covering over the stomach causes a great internal heat, which is carried by the blood to all parts of the body, and this heat aids digestion, and altogether I think the woolen waistband solves the question of dyspepsia and indigestion. As for cold feet and corns, I promise you that if you scrub your feet in cold water every night before going to bed for sixty days your feet will not bother you further, and not only that, but you will have to get a shoe a size smaller than you have been wearing, if not two sizes smaller. Try it and let me know.

The Originator of Express Companies.

The express business of the United States originated about the year 1837 and its originator was William Harnden, then a young man, who gave his name subsequently to "Harnden's Express Company," the first great company. Mr Harnden, the originator of the business, afterwards lost the wealth it had brought him by engaging in a gigantic emigration scheme, and died a poor man in 1845, at the age of 33 years.

Oh, What a Cough.
Will you heed the warning. The signs perhaps of the sure approach of that most terrible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will Cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Others do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Soldby Dr. T. J. Davison